The Centre Reporter.

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PATRIOTIC SERVICE BY A PRIVATE CITIZEN.

The Centre Reporter,
Centre Hall, Pa.

Dear Editor Reporter :

To be of proper age to serve one's country in a time like this should be a source of great satisfaction to every young man, and should inspire all with noble and patriotic aspiration.

Many fields are open in which to render valiant service to the nation, and millions are heroically responding, which fact portends ultimate victory, lasting peace, and universal democracy.

Being of an age which prevents us from entering the military service, we are endeavoring to render a little assistance to the cause along other lines. To that end we have writen several patriotic songs, and a number of articles for the public press bearing on conditions that are at present confronting the nation, the Allies and the world.

Our first article, that one relating to "lasting world peace, and a world peace court," was writen in 1916, and was printed in a number of leading papers in Pennsylvania, and in three Chicago daily papers, the suggestions, briefly stated, being as follows:

1st. The free use of all maritime highways for all nations.

2nd. The disbanding of all standing armies except such as are needed for domestic service.

3rd. The prevention of any nation to wage war for conquest.

4th. Universal freedom for all nations toward the development and distribution of their commerce.

5th. The establishment of a world peace court.

6th. That any nation refusing to abide by the mandates of a peace court shall be socially, diplomatically and commercially denied the privileges of further intercourse with all other nations, thereby either to be forced into submission or made to perish.

The forgoing views were submitted to President Wilson by letter prior to the time of their appearance in the public press, and antidating his famous "Peace without victory" message.

GERMAN PRISONERS ON AMERICAN FARMS.

During last May we conceived the idea that if several hundred thousand German prisoners now held by the Allies were brought to the United States and put to work on farms to grow and harvest crops, to feed the Allied armies and the destitute of Europe, much needful service could and would be rendered.

This idea became so impressive that we were about to give it to the Associated Press, but before action was taken Senator Hale, of Maine, who also thought of it, introduced it in the United States Senate, where action is now pending.

AN AEROPLANE ARMY OF INVASION.

Several weeks ago, while pondering over the dire results of the great War and the fact that slow progress is being made in defeating Prussianism, the pregnant thought occurred to us that if our Nation would create an aeroplane army of 5,000 or 10,000 to invade the German Empire enmasse and attack their chief cities, much effective work could be accomplished, since at present those countries cannot be invaded in any other way. Such a plan had not been publicly proposed previously by any one so far as has been ascertained.

A letter embodying that idea was prepared by us, and copies forwarded to both President Wilson and Secretary of War Baker. In due time the Secretary of War, through the Adjutant General of the Army, made reply to the suggestion as follows:

WAR DEPARTMENT
THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE
WASHINGTON.

Dr. Alfred Beirly,
Chicago, Illinois,
Dear Sir:—

I am directed by the Secretary of war to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 31st ultimo, in which you made certain suggestions deemed to be of interest in connection with military operations against Germany, and to inform you that the contents of your communication have been carefully noted.

Very respectfully,
H. T. McCLAIN,
The Adjutant General.

That the aeroplane invasion idea first proposed by the writer has attracted extended public attention is fully attested by the fact that soon after the proposal, a message approved by a very high authority was heralded over the Nation that an aeroplane army of 100,000 at once be organized.

LATEST AEROPLANE NEWS.

"Washington, June 17.—President Wilson will approve estimates which will go to Congress this week calling for an immediate appropriation of $600,000,000 to perfect the American aircraft program projected by the Council of National Defense.

"The President's spokesman in both houses will lead a drive for quick action.

(Continued on inside page.)

HARRISBURG NEWS LETTER

This, the Last Week, Closes a Legislature Whose Six Months of Service Have Availed Practically Nothing.

Democracy, without any prearranged plan, gave to the thirty-three third class cities of the state the police civil service bill which became a law when Governor Brumbaugh approved it several days ago. Republican reactionaries, who had gone to sleep at the switch and allowed the bill to be sent to the governor contrary to plans, tried to kill it by familiar tactics. But A. Ramsey S. Black, the young Harrisburg Democrat who set new records by beating the Republican organization in Harrisburg last November, jumped into the breach. He led anti-gang assemblymen into a formation which broke up the half-past-the-eleventh-hour assault on a bill. Governor Brumbaugh for some reason which is regarded as inexplicable in view of his general record, backed up Black's notable play by prompt approval of the bill. Possibly the governor was led to do the right thing because the Penrose forces were opposed to the bill.

The last week of June is the most notable in the political calendar of Pennsylvania for the year. It marks the final adjournment of the do-nothing Legislature. Everyone can well breathe several sighs of relief. The legislature has been little but a gnat, buzzing around, accomplishing nothing, annoying everyone. Its few real achievements, like the third class city bill, and some other measures which may and may not become laws, according to the slant of them taken by the governor, merely serve to emphasize the generally useless character of what has been done. Admitting the local excellence of a few measures, the whole six months of time-frittering have brought not one bit of truly great construction which would make the session worth while. Efforts of the Republicans and Democrats who have courage to think for themselves and work for the people have failed dismally; the session ends with committee files choked with laws which should have gotten somewhere.

The real story of the session of 1917 will not be written in the pamphlet laws. It will be found in the records of the bills which died in committee, died on the calendar or which otherwise were guillotined effectively, if not neatly.

The 1917 record, however, is not unique. It is more pronounced than in former sessions. But it is simply another chapter in the big volume of broken pledges of the Pennsylvania Republican organization. Retaliation is in the hands of the voters in November, 1918.

As a sample of what the Republican bosses of the Legislature can do when they wish, men about the Capitol at Harrisburg are pointing to Senate Bill No. 1247. This is a choice measure authorizing so many new jobs in the State Treasury Department that, should it become a law, the department probably would have to seek some additional office room to accommodate everyone on the payroll.

But the bill was introduced by William E. Crow, of Fayette, and the earmark of the Republican state chairman is sufficient to insure any measure the most favorable consideration by the Senate Republican ring. Crow introduced the bill May 22, and it was referred to the Judiciary Special Committee of which he is chairman on the same day it was reported from committee. Likewise, on May 22 it was passed on first reading, under suspended rules. Three bites out of the same apple at the same time. This was just after Harmon M. Kephart became state treasurer. Kephart is not only a staunch Penrose man but he is a coboss of Fayette county with Crow. So anxious were the Penrose senators that some provision should be made for lame ducks who had been ousted by the Brumbaugh faction that they passed the bill finally on May 28, six calendar days from its introduction. It was handled with almost equal expedition in the House.

Approval of the bill by Governor Brumbaugh is regarded as unlikely. Brumbaugh approves every bill raising salaries and creating jobs which comes to him, provided it affects departments where he has the say. But he hasn't the say in the treasury; Penrose has. Therefore, it is figured that Brumbaugh will pause when he sees Senate Bill No. 1247.

First of all, the Crow bill creates a deputy state treasurership at $6,000 per annum. This place, it is said, is carved to fit Charles Johnson, of Montgomery, treasurer of the Republican state committee, who has been looking hungrily at the public crib ever since he resigned as state insur-

(Continued on last page.)

Community Picnic, at Centre Hall, July 4th

Everybody is invited to join in the Community Picnic, on Grange Park, Centre Hall, July 4th. An excellent program has been prepared, and the complete success of it depends upon your coming early and taking an interest in every feature. Help to make this the banner picnic of all community picnics. It's for you and your friends. A safe and sane way to celebrate the birth of American freedom. Below is the program for the day.

COMMUNITY PICNIC PROGRAM.

9 30—10 30. Band concert on grounds.

10 30—11 30. In the Auditorium—

Devotional exercises . . . . . Rev. W. H. Williams

Song, "The Star Spangled Banner," by the Tusseyville Union Sunday School.

Recitations, ... { Verna Rowe / Miriam Foss

Five Minute Addresses—

1. Some things we can do in war time. . . D. C. Rossman, Tusseyville Union S. S.
2. Advantages of our community. . . . A. J. Cummings, Linden Hall U. E. S. S.
3. Why I go to Sunday School. . . . . Ralph Sweeney, Sprucetown M. E. S. S.
4. Some facts concerning the history of our community. Joshua T. Potter, Centre Hall Presbyterian S. S.
5. Why should we have a community picnic. . . . W. F. Rishel, Farmers Mills Union S. S.

Recitation . . . . . Margaret Emery

Election of officers.

Song, "The Battle Hymn of the Republic," by Sprucetown M. E. Sunday School.

DINNER.

1 30. Band concert.
2 00. Amusements.
3 00. Baseball game.

Ice cream, candies, chewing gum, peanuts, etc., will be on sale on the Park.

We trust everybody will close up shop and spend the day with us. Make this the biggest day of the year 1917.

COMMITTEE.

THE CORMANS IN REUNION.

Two Hundred Attend Annual Gathering on Grange Park on Saturday.

The third annual Corman family reunion was held on Grange Park, Centre Hall, Saturday. A conservative estimate placed the attendance at two hundred. Each year some new one of the clan attends, thus making the gathering of more importance and interest each year. The forenoon was spent in friendly greeting and association. The noon hour was a feature of unusual importance; the tables were loaded with good things enough for those connected and the outsiders who came in. Expressions were every where audible, "my, how much I ate." In fact there were some groanings, not of the tables at this time but of those who helped sweep them. After dinner many gathered in the auditorium, and, by the way, let the writer say this much, that he doesn't believe there is a better place in the country for such a gathering than Grange Park; there is the spacious auditorium, many other buildings, splendid shade, water, tables, benches, all ready for such an occasion. Then the friendly greeting of Mr. Rhone: "Now help yourselves; this is yours today".

The exercises in the auditorium consisted of the foreword of family genealogies, by Miss Celia Brungart; a letter of appreciation of the author of their family genealogy, by Ira Corman; the historical part by Harry C. Musser; the great grand sketch by Irvin Moyer, the grandfather (George Corman) sketch by Mrs. A. N. Corman; the grandfather (Andrew Korman) sketch by Warren Corman. These were followed by the president, taking the family coat of arms, explaning uses, custom and significance of them and also gave a short outline of origin and meaning of names, their meaning and importance. A short interval was taken in singing "America" The leader just knew how to bring this home to these loyal hearts, and showed how competitive singing can be made pleasing and effective, and also in a large measure bring out the shade and character of an audience.

A threatening rain caused some uneasiness, cutting the program somewhat short. Those who remained were favored with an excellent talk by Rev. Still, on what family reunions and genealogies mean, that it's time well spent, and the genealogy gives an inestimable value to coming generations and should receive our hearty support. This family genealogy can be secured from Chas. A. Korman, 636 N. Hanover St., Carlisle, Pa.

The following officers were elected for 1918: President, A. N. Corman, Rebersburg; vice pres., Ira Corman, Oak Hall; secretary, Warren Corman, Coburn; treasurer, Nathan Korman, Bellefonte; committee on entertainment, C. W. Korman, Warren Stover and Emanuel Korman. Grange Park was again chosen as the next meeting place. Time to be determined by the executive committee.

Attendance of the family members during the three years, 660.

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Be a backer—not a slacker.

Many Make Trip to Niagara Falls.

The Pennsy's Niagara Falls excursion, on Sunday, over the local branch, was a well patronized affair. Forty-four tickets were sold from Centre Hall, and the following number from other points: Glen Iron, 45; Coburn, 21; Spring Mills, 26; Linden Hall, 11; Bellefonte, 203. Several other coaches were added at Bellefonte, making up a train of eleven coaches.

The train left Centre Hall at 11:34 Saturday night, reaching the Falls at 8:30 Sunday morning. Many of the visitors paid a dollar for a ticket taking them over the "belt line", which is another name for the route of the gorge through which the waters of the famous falls flow on to the Niagara river. Stop-overs were allowed at various points of interest, including the Cave of the Winds, the Maid of the Mist, Whirlpool Rapids, Brock's Monument, etc. While there was a certain thrill to most of these "adventures", they paled in comparison with the trip over the rapids in the cable car at a height of 150 feet above the water. Many who started out to "take it all in" halted at this station and decided that terra firma appeared decidedly safer.

Fort Niagara, the officers' training grounds, and nine miles from the Falls, was sought by many of the visitors and proved a worth-while trip. Nedson Keller, of Linden Hall, who is in training at that point, was at the depot when the Pennsylvania train arrived and greeted his mother and Centre county friends.

One could not fail to be impressed with the indications of war that are in evidence everywhere. The presence of soldiers at Niagara Falls, the close scrutiny given visitors as they crossed the line into Canada, and the guard duty being done by Canadians and Americans on the big bridges, who patrol back and forth with loaded rifles, all tended to relieve the mind of any doubt as to the gravity of the situation.

The return home was begun at five o'clock p. m., Centre Hall being reached at three o'clock Monday morning.

Centre Hall, 8; Bellefonte, 3.

The weak spot in Centre Hall baseball team was made air tight in the game with Bellefonte, on Grange Park, on Saturday afternoon, which made it possible to trim the Bellefonte boys to the tune of 8 to 3. In fact, Bellefonte had the same serious trouble for they went to Milesburg to secure the services of Oswald on the pitching hill. The home team, while above average with the willow, are weak in the pitching line this season, and in order to make victory certain called on Eugene Gramley, of Spring Mills, who showed marked ability this spring as a curver on "State's" varsity team. Gramley pitched a fine game, striking out eighteen of the enemy and allowing only four hits. He was well supported and had easy sailing, for Centre Hall was going after Oswald with telling effect, and the eight runs were mostly earned ones.

The following is the score by innings:

Bellefonte	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	3
Centre Hall	0	3	0	1	2	0	0	2	x—8

LESSONS ON CANNING, ETC.

Miss Tippman Will Give a Public Demonstration Thursday Evening, in Grange Arcadia.

This (Thursday) evening a public meeting will be held in the Grange Arcadia under the auspices of the Centre Hall auxiliary to the Centre County Committee of Public Safety. The chief work of the evening will be done by Miss Tippman, connected with the School of Domestic Science, at Penn State. She will speak as well as give demonstrations how to can, preserve and dry vegetables.

Those in charge are particularly anxious to have the young ladies of the community assemble, because of the fact that it is believed Miss Tippman will be able to interest them in both her talks and demonstrations. Of course, men are not excluded from this meeting, but are urged to come and bring their families, if they have one.

Everything you can get at this meeting is free. Your presence and respectful attention is all that is asked.

Another Monster Trout.

Not all the shad-size trout were caught when ex-Sheriff Lee landed that record 27-inch beauty two weeks ago. One day last week Emanuel White, of Farmers Mills, while fishing in the Sinking Creek waters near Egg Hill, got a "strike" that felt as though a German submarine had become entangled in his line and was making its way upstream. A quarter of an hour's skillful angling brought the prize to the surface minus all the fight and energy characteristic of the species. It was a 23-inch California trout and tipped the scale at three pounds.

P. O. S. of A. Elects Officers.

The following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing term in the Washington Camp, No. 889 P. O. S. of A., in this place, on Thursday evening.

President, Robert W. Glasgow.
Vice President, I. A. Sweetwood.
Master of Forms, R. D. Foreman.
Financial Secretary, S. C. Brungart.
Conductor, F. K. Frank.
Inspector, J. E. Noll.
Chaplain, G. H. Emerick.
Guard, J. Elmer Noll.
Trustee, C. W. Boozer.

Installation will take place at the next regular meeting night—Thursday, July 5th. A full attendance of members is desired. There will be refreshments.

Subscriber Seeks Information.

The undersigned, a subscriber of the Reporter, is desirous of knowing if anyone is living in or about Centre Hall who can remember the marriage of Nathaniel Brown to Anna Dunkle, which took place at Centre Hall, May 31st, 1860. The ceremony was performed by John Shannon, J. P., and the witnesses were Mrs. John Shannon and Miss Harpster.

If any of the Reporter readers remember the event and make it known, the information will be thankfully received.

W. A. Brown,
Huntingdon, Pa.

Sunday Next Patriotic Sunday.

Next Sunday has been designated as Patriotic Sunday throughout the United States, and all churches have been asked to receive offerings for the Red Cross. Keep this in mind during this week and if you do not have an abundance of cash on which to draw, practice a bit of self denial until Sunday. No matter what your circumstances are, your bit of cash is needed more to care for the soldiers at the front than you have need for it.

School Teachers Salary Raised.

The bill increasing the minimum salary of public school teachers was passed by both houses of the legislature and awaits the signature of the governor. The measure provides the following minimum salaries: Teachers with provisional certificates, $45 per month; with professional $55, and with permanent, $60.

Melville—Harlacher.

At the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Harlacher, in Halfmoon valley, Miss Edith Cornelia Harlacher became the wife of Andrew H. Melville, of Madison, Wisconsin, on Monday of last week. The couple left for their western home following the wedding.

The legislature appropriated $100,000 for Pennsylvania village for feeble minded women, located just as you emerge from the narrows, near Laureldton.

Next Sunday has been designated as Patriotic Day. It is up to you to act the part by making a liberal contribution to the Red Cross fund.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

No paper next week.

A borough tax of nine mills has been adopted by Millheim councilmen.

George W. Bradford and son Paul, of near Milroy, were in town one day last week.

Bellefonte's Chautauqua season begins on July 25th and will continue for seven days.

Fishel & Bros., of New York, have been awarded the contract for the erection of the post office at State College.

Daniel Louder, of Oak Hall, last week was appointed a supervisor of College township to take the place of I. J. Dreese resigned.

Millheim's local authorities purpose to enforce to the letter the borough ordinance which prohibits the wanton use of fireworks on July 4th.

The rooster has been added to the swatting list along with the fly. The Department of Agriculture tells why, in another article, he should be given the axe.

A fire broke out in the vulcanizing department of the Palace garage at Bellefonte, Thursday night, but the flames were subdued before much damage resulted.

A surprise party was tendered Miss Helen Foster, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. J. V. Foster, Tuesday afternoon in honor of her twelfth birthday anniversary, says the State College Times.

Every minister in the country has been asked by Food Administrator Hoover to preach upon the subject of food conservation on Sunday, July 1st. That day has been designated "Food Saving Day."

E. Clayton Wagner has a big contract on his hands and is now busily engaged in filling it. He is to supply the State Highway Department with a thousand tons of limestone from his quarry near the railroad station for use on the State roads nearby.

Owing to the discharge of about twenty-five members of Troop L, of Bellefonte, who have dependent families, a gap has been made in the troop which it is hoped will be filled by volunteers. Application can be made at the armory at Bellefonte any day.

T. R. Stam, a native of Millheim, and his wife, made an auto run from DesMoines, Iowa, reaching Millheim the early part of the week. The distance covered was over eleven hundred miles. Mr. Stam, until recently, was engaged in the mercantile business in West Union, Iowa.

A young son of Mr. and Mrs. H. G. Hartline, of Millheim, was brought home from a Philadelphia hospital last week where he underwent an operation on both legs which had become badly crippled from the effects of infantile paralysis. The lad's limbs are encased in plaster paris and must remain so for a period of five weeks.

A new boat, sufficiently large to accommodate from thirty to forty persons, has been constucted by carpenter Lawrence Runkle for R. P. Campbell, owner of the Penns Cave, the State's scenic wonder. With the coming of summer the Cave is being sought by tourist and every day finds a string of autos whose occupants take in the wonderful sights to be seen from the boat.

One day recently while A. M. Harter, of Coburn, was working about the barn on the Harter Bros.' farm, a Jersey bull attacked him and tossed him about rather roughly for awhile, says the Millheim Journal. Mr. Harter sustained three broken ribs and numerous body bruises in the fray. The animal had never before shown any signs of being cross, nor has he attempted any capers since, although he is now being closely watched.

Not all deeds done under cover of darkness escape observation by parties interested. This was especially emphasized the other night when a quid of tobacco about the size of a land turtle was carefully laid just in front of the main entrance of a home in Centre Hall. It is presumed, juding from the make up the person, that he is the same individual who has been occasionally spitting a pint of tobacco juice on various porch pillars in the up town districts. Any one disposed to do such bits of devilry no doubt has continuous pleasant thoughts, and the fact that he is now known will no doubt add one more reason why he should always sleep peacefully. If you were to see the person's name in print here you wouldn't wonder so much at the deeds he engaged in at night time, but you would be astounded at the gall displayed in day light. There may be another chapter to this song.

Origin of Our Old Patriotic Songs

"Star Spangled Banner" once an old English club song, according to research of Music Division chief in Library of Congress--The "New Federal Song"and the"President's March"--The tune of "America" is Germanic

AT no time so much as upon Independence day are the patriotic songs of this country sung, and upon the coming Fourth of July, which finds the United States at war, the words and the tunes of the national songs will mean more to every American than ever before.

Realizing that as time goes on, history, which may be probed for truth now, in another generation would be too far removed from the links of living memory to certify accuracy, many men are giving time and effort to extracting the real historic facts from the maze of fiction surrounding the origin of many of this country's national songs, which have become an important part of her integral life.

No man has given more time and more effort, nor sifted facts more thoroughly to get at the true history of our national songs, than has Mr. O. G. T. Sonneck, chief of the division of music of the library of congress, and he has embodied these facts in reports published by the government in book form, which save them for all time.

Unless he has traced a matter to the bedrock of certainty, a report with Mr. Sonneck is never complete, and a call at his office in the music division of the library found him with his latest published reports on the national songs on the bookcase at his side, and all heavily interleaved with penned and pencilled annotations which bring evidence down to the very minute. Mr. Sonneck permitted a recent caller to glean from these documental data regarding this country's national songs and supplemented them with some additional verbal information.

Almost everyone knows how the stirring words rushed from the heart and hand of Francis Scott Key on the early morning of September 14, 1814, when the English were bombarding Fort McHenry. Fewer, perhaps, know that he jotted down the first rough draft of the song on the back of a letter as he sailed up the Patapsco on one of the enemy's vessels that early morning, when he saw "through the dawn's early light that our flag was still there." He completed this draft upon the American boat which brought him to Baltimore that evening, and later that night, in his hotel in Baltimore, he made a clean copy of those jottings, and this first fair copy of the words is still in existence and may yet be seen at the Walters gallery in Baltimore.

On the morning after his arrival in Baltimore Key took his poem to his friend and relative, Judge Joseph Hopper Nicholson, for his critical opinion upon it. This was evidently favorable, for it was immediately printed and its first appearance in public was in the form of a sheet, or broadside, which was distributed through the streets on the day after it was written. Its first dated appearance was in the Baltimore Patriot of September 20, 1814. Next day it appeared in exactly the same form in the Baltimore American, and then, in single sheets and in newspapers, it spread from Baltimore to other cities, until it had become a popular patriotic song throughout the country.

In its original printed form it bore the title, "Defense of Fort McHenry," with the following introductory remarks, written by Judge Nicholson:

The annexed song was composed under the following circumstances: A gentleman had left Baltimore in a flag of truce for the purpose of getting released from the British fleet a friend of his who had been captured at Marlborough. He went as far as the mouth of the Patuxent and was not permitted to return lest the intended attack on Baltimore should be disclosed. He was therefore brought up the bay to the mouth of the Patapsco, where the flag vessel was kept under the guns of a frigate, and he was compelled to witness the bombardment of Fort McHenry, which the admiral had boasted that he could carry in a few hours and that the city must fall. He watched the flag of the fort through the whole day with an anxiety that can better be felt than described, until the night prevented him from seeing it. In the night he watched the bomb shells and at early dawn his eye was again greeted by the proudly waving flag of his country.

The tune is that of "Anacreon of Heaven," originally an English club song, popular among the younger set of Baltimore at the time Key wrote the stanzas.

* * *

"Hail Columbia" is a pure product of American soil in regard to both words and music, and was written in 1798 by Joseph Hopkins, a prominent jurist, who lived from 1770 to 1842. The poet himself explains the circumstances which led to the writing of the words as follows:

"Hail Columbia" was written in the summer of 1798, when war with France was thought to be inevitable. Congress was then in session in Philadelphia, debating upon that important subject, and acts of hostility had actually taken place. The contest between England and France was raging, and the people of the United States were divided into parties for one side or the other, some thinking that policy and duty required us to espouse the cause of republican France, as she was called, while others were for connecting themselves with England. . . . The theater was then open in our city. A young man belonging to it, whose talent was high as a singer, was about to take a benefit. I had known him when he was at school. On this acquaintance he called on me one Saturday afternoon, his benefit being announced for the following Monday. His prospects were very disheartening, but he said that if he could get a patriotic song adapted to "The President's March" he did not doubt of a full house; that the poets of the theatrical corps had been trying to accomplish it, but had not succeeded. I told him that I would try what I could do for him. He came the next afternoon, and the song, such as it is, was ready for him. Such is the history of the song, which has endured infinitely beyond the expectation of the author.

The song met with immediate success and was repeated again and again, being named "New Federal Song," and no entertainment of the day was considered complete without it.

To run down the history of the music of "Hail Columbia," written originally as the "President's March," Mr. Sonneck found a much more difficult task than giving the plain narrative of the applied words. Wading through an immense amount of historical data and some controversy upon the subject, he has brought out facts which he would only put forth after the most careful process of sifting and deduction.

"Until recently," he said, "the musical origin of 'Hail Columbia' was as obscure as its literary history was clear." But, weighing all the evidence in the case, he carefully sets down the fact that the "President's March," which supplied the music for "Hail Columbia," was composed by Philip Phile, a resident of Philadelphia, of perhaps German or Swiss origin, and musician and instructor of note. (His name is usually spelled incorrectly; the above is the correct spelling.)

* * *

"America," the national hymn, contains no mysterious history. It was written by Rev. Samuel F. Smith, who lived until 1895, and has himself written luminously upon the subject. From Boston he wrote to Admiral Preble September 12, 1872:

The origin of my hymn, "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," is briefly told. In the year 1831 Mr. William C. Woodbridge returned from Europe, bringing a quantity of German music books, which he passed over to Lowell Mason. Mr. Mason, with whom I was on terms of friendship, one day turned them over to me, knowing that I was in the habit of reading German works, saying, "Here, I can't read these, but they contain good music, which I should be glad to use. Turn over the leaves and if you find anything particularly good, give me a translation or imitation of it, or write a wholly original song—anything, so I can use it."

Accordingly, one leisure afternoon, I was looking over the books and fell in with the tune of "God Save the King," and at once took up my pen and wrote the piece in question. It was struck out at a sitting without the slightest idea that it would ever attain the popularity it has since enjoyed. The first time it was publicly sung was at a children's celebration of American Independence at the Park Street church, Boston, I think, July 4, 1832. If I had anticipated the future of it, doubtless I would have taken more pains with it. Such as it is, I am glad to have contributed this mite to the cause of American freedom.

Mr. Sonneck had this to say regarding the use of an English tune to the words of "America:"

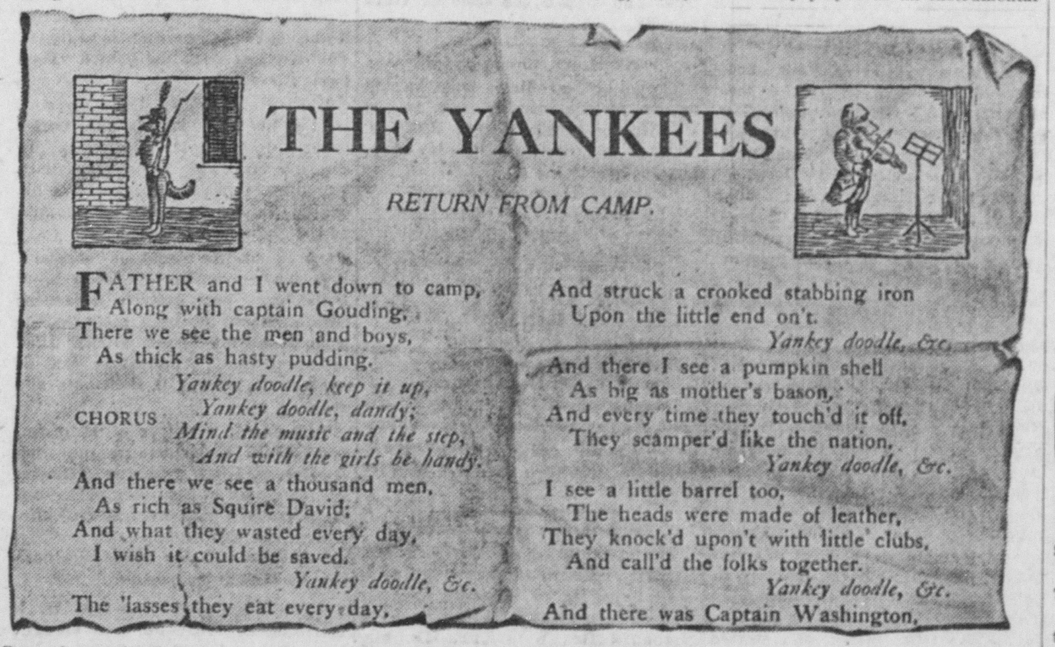
"The main objection raised against 'America' has been the union of the words with that foreign air of cosmopolitan usage, 'God Save the King.' Yet there is this difference, which should never be overlooked: If the Danes or the Prussians use 'God Save the King' they have deliberately borrowed it from the British. Not so with us. 'God Save the King' was, before 1776, as much our national anthem as that of the motherland. Being a British air, it belonged to the British colonists just as much as it did to the Britons at home.

* * *

"'Yankee Doodle' is sometimes called a national song—incorrectly so, because, with a practically now obsolete text, or texts, it is hardly ever sung, but merely played as an instrumental piece. Though no longer a national song, it is still a national air and second only to 'Dixie' in patriotic popularity. For 150 years 'Yankee Doodle' has appealed to our people, and the tune shows no sign of passing into oblivion.

Many words have been spent in discussing the origin of the title of this song, and at least sixteen separate and distinct derivations of the words have been seriously set before the public. The earliest dated reference to the tune appears in the first American ballad opera, "The Disappointment," Philadelphia, 1767. It was played in America as early as 1768, for in the Journal of Transactions in Boston, September 28, 1768, we read: "The fleet was brought to anchor near Castle William; that evening there was throwing of skyrockets, and those passing in boats observed great rejoicing and that the Yankee Doodle song was the capital piece in the band of music."

The earliest appearance in print of "Yankee Doodle" in Europe has been traced to James Aird's "A Selection of Scotch, English, Irish and Foreign Airs," published in Glasgow about 1780. Mr. Sonneck asserts that "Yankee Doodle" did not appear in print in America until Benjamin Carr's "Federal Overture," a medley of patriotic songs, including "Yankee Doodle," and composed in 1794, was published, "Adapted for the pianoforte," by B. Carr, New York, in January, 1795. Since then some interesting and now rare renderings of the piece have been issued.


THE YANKEES
RETURN FROM CAMP.
FATHER and I went down to camp,
Along with captain Goulding,
There we see the men and boys,
As thick as hasty pudding.
Yankey doodle, keep it up,
CHORUS Yankey doodle, dandy;
Mind the music and the step,
And with the girls be handy.
And there we see a thousand men,
As rich as Squire David;
And what they wasted every day,
I wish it could be saved.
Yankey doodle, &c.
The 'lasses they eat every day,
And struck a crooked stabbing iron
Upon the little end on't.
Yankey doodle, &c.
And there I see a pumpkin shell
As big as mother's bason,
And every time they touch'd it off,
They scamper'd like the nation.
Yankey doodle, &c.
I see a little barrel too,
The heads were made of leather,
They knock'd upon't with little clubs,
And call'd the folks together.
Yankey doodle, &c.
And there was Captain Washington,

SOME POSTSCRIPTS

By means of a secret process a French scientist converts flowers, fruit and even animal tissues into metal.

A Minneapolis inventor's adjustable road scraper has been designed to serve equally well as a snow plow.

An entire notebook or a single sheet of paper is held equally well in a new copyholder for typewriters in which the copy is advanced as desired by pressing a lever.

One end of a tool invented by a Frenchman for smoothing rough edges of collars and cuffs serves as a buttonhole opener.

An English inventor's safety suit for aviators is covered with parachute-like pockets and the entire garment can be inflated to help break the force of a wearer's fall.

An inventor in Nebraska has patented wire netting covered frames to cover open automobiles to catch hats, veils, or other articles that otherwise might be blown away.

Youth.

There is God's gift of youth, inexpressible, beautiful, glorious, divine. It is for youth that the rest of us live; it is on their motions that we hang; it is for them that we labor, suffer, and endure; it is for them that we flout the ills of life; it is for them that we are blind to death. Youth,—wonderful youth,—so great a gift to possess, so infinitely greater a gift to perceive in boys and girls about you! —H. D. Sedgwick, in the Atlantic Magazine.

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THE MARKETS

New York—Wheat—Spot nominal.

Corn — Spot weak; No. 2 yellow, $1.82½, c i f New York.

Oats—Spot easy; standard, 73¼@74c.

Butter—Creamery, higher than extras, 37¾@38½c; creamery extras, (92 score), 37@37½; firsts, 36¼@36¾; seconds, 35@36.

Eggs—Fresh gathered extras, 31½@32c; fresh gathered storage-packed firsts, 31@32; fresh gathered firsts, 30@30½; state, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery white, fine to fancy, 34@35; state, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery browns, 33@34.

Cheese—State fresh specials, 23@24¼c; do, average run, 22¾@23.

Live poultry, chickens, 33@35c; fowls, 25; turkeys, 18@20.

Dressed poultry, chickens, 23@29c; fowls, 19½@25; turkeys, 18@32.

Philadelphia—Wheat — There were no offerings on the spot and the market was entirely nominal.

Rye—No. 2 Western, in export elevator, $2.35@2.38 per bushel; small lots of nearby rye in bags quoted at $1.65@1.75, as to quality.

Corn — Western, No. 3, yellow, $1.81½@1.82½; do do, No. 3, yellow, $1.79½@$1.81½; do, No. 3, yellow, $1.77½@1.78½.

Oats—No. 2 white, 73½@74c; standard white, 72½@73c; No. 3 white, 71½@72c; No. 4 white, 70½@71c.

Butter—Solid-packed creamery, fancy, specials, 41c; extras, 39@40c; extra firsts, 38c; firsts, 37½c; seconds, 36½@40c; nearby prints, fancy, 42c; do, average extra, 40@41c; do, firsts, 38@39c; do, seconds, 36@37c; special brands of prints were jobbing at 45@48c.

Eggs—Nearby firsts, $10.20 per standard case; nearby current receipts, $9.90 per case; Western firsts, $10.20 per case; do, firsts, $9.90 per case; fancy, selected, carefully candled eggs were jobbing at 40@41c per dozen.

Cheese—New York, full cream, fancy, new, 24¼@24½c; special higher; do, fair to good, new, 23½@24c; part skims, 11@17c.

Live Poultry—Fowls, as to size and quality, 24@25c; roosters, 16@17c. Spring chickens, not Leghorns, plump, yellow-skinned, weighing ¾@1¾ lbs. apiece, 26@36c; white Leghorns, weighing ¾@1¼ pounds apiece, 24@28c; ducks, Peking, 20@21c; do, Indian Runner, 17@18c; pigeons, old, per pair, 25@28c; do do, young, per pair, 20@22c.

BALTIMORE. — Wheat — Contract opened dull; spot No. 2 red, $2.76 nominal; No. 2 red Western, $2.81 nominal.

Corn—Spot mixed and June corn, $1.80.

Oats — Standard white, 71@71½c; No. 3 white, 70½@71.

Rye—No. 2 rye, Western, $2.40; bag lots, as to quality and condition, $1.80@2.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, $20@21; No. 2 do, $18.50@19; No. 3 do, $15@17.50; light clover mixed, $18@18.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $17.50@18; No. 2 do, $13@16; No. 1 clover, $16.50@17; No. 2 do, $13@15; No. 3 do, $8@10.

Straw—No. 1 straight rye, $15.50@16; No. 2 do, $14.50@15; No. 1 tangled rye, $12@13; No. 2 do, $10.50@11.50; No. 1 wheat, $9@9.50; No. 2 do, $8@8.50; No. 1 oat, $10@11; No. 2 do, $9@9.50.

Eggs—Firsts, per dozen; Maryland and nearby, 32c; Western, 32; West Virginia, 32; Southern, 31.

Live Poultry—Old hens firmer and the moderate offerings of choice, fat stock find prompt buyers. While receipts of spring chickens are fair. Chickens—Old hens, 4 lbs and over, 24@25c; do, do, small to medium, 24@25; do, do, white leghorns, 22; old roosters, 12@13; spring chickens, according to kind, 30@38; do, young, large and staggy, 21@22. Ducks—Old Pekings, 18c; do puddle, 17; do muscovy, 17; do smaller, 16; do, spring, 3 lbs and over, 24@25.

Live Stock

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, $15@15.80; heavy, $15.70@15.80; packers and butchers', $15.25@15.75; light, $14.75@15.35; pigs, $13.75@14.50.

Cattle—Prime fed steers, $12.50@13.40; dressed beef steers, $10@12.25; Southern steers, $7.25@12.50; cows, $6.50@11; heifers, $8.50@13; stockers and feeders, $7.25@11; bulls, $7@9.50; calves, $7@13.25.

Sheep—Lambs, $15.50@17.25; yearlings, $10@12; wethers, $9@11; ewes, $8.75@10.50.

CHICAGO. — Hogs — Bulk, $15.10@15.80; light, $14.40@15.65; mixed, $14.90@15.90; heavy, $14.90@15.90; rough, $14.90@15.10; pigs, $10.35@14.40.

Sheep—Wethers, $8.75@11.30; ewes, $7.60@10.25; lambs, $10.25@15.65; springs, $13@17.75.

Cattle—Native beef cattle, $9.20@13.70; stockers and feeders, $7.40@10.60; cows and heifers, $6.25@11.85; calves, $10.50@15.50.

PITTSBURGH. — Cattle — Choice, $11.75@12.50; prime, $13@13.25.

Sheep—Prime wethers, $10@10.50; culls and common, $5@7; lambs, $6@12.50; veal calves, $14.50@15.

Hogs—Prime heavies, $15.75@15.80; mediums, $15.65@15.70; heavy Yorkers, $15.50@15.65; light Yorkers, $14.50@16.75; pigs, $14@14.25; roughs, $14@14.50.

BILLY SUNDAY GIVES $116,000.

Divides New York Receipts Between Red Cross And Y. M. C. A.

New York.—"Red Cross dividends" amounting to $1,035,500 declared by four corporations brought the total contributions to the $100,000,000 war fund up to $12,033,913. Included in this amount is $58,000 received from the Rev. William A. Sunday, who divided between the Red Cross and the Young Men's Christian Association the free-will offering of $116,000 given to him Sunday at the close of an evangelistic campaign in this city.

U. S. TANKER SENT DOWN.

John D. Archbold, Bound Home From France, Sunk By Submarine.

New York.—The big tank steamship John D. Archbold, of the Standard Oil Company, has been sunk by a submarine. The announcement was made at the offices of the company here. Four members of the tanker's crew were lost. The Archbold was sent to the bottom last Saturday in European waters.

FOR 3,567,200 PAIRS OF SOCKS.

Navy Department Awards Contracts To 18 Firms.

Washington. — Contracts for 3,567,200 pairs of socks were awarded by the Navy Department to 18 firms in different parts of the country. The contracts were made in accordance with recommendations of the knit-goods committee of the Council of National Defense. The average price paid was approximately 18 cents for cotton and 28 cents for woolen socks.

FRENCH AVIATORS ARRIVE.

Officers Experienced In War To Train Americans For Service.

New York.—Twelve French aviators, all commissioned officers of the Flying Corps and the majority wearing one or more decorations for distinguished service, arrived here to serve as instructors in the American Flying Corps now training for duty in France.

Through activities of the Brooklyn City Mission Society, more than 300,000 persons not reached by Protestant churches of Brooklyn were drawn last year into relation with Christianity.

The Real Man

By FRANCIS LYNDE

(Copyright by Chas. Scribner's Sons)

JOHN SMITH, THE NEW FINANCIAL SECRETARY OF TIMANYONI DITCH COMPANY, MAKES A PLAN TO PUT THE CONCERN ON ITS FEET, BUT ENEMIES ARE HARD AT WORK TO THWART HIM.

Synopsis.—J. Montague Smith, cashier of Lawrenceville Bank and Trust company, society bachelor engaged to marry Verda Richlander, heiress, knocks his employer, Watrous Dunham, senseless, leaves him for dead and flees the state when Dunham accuses Smith of dishonesty and wants him to take the blame for embezzlement actually committed by Dunham. Several weeks later, Smith appears as a tramp at a town in the Rocky mountains and gets a laboring job in an irrigation ditch construction camp. His intelligence draws the attention of Williams, the superintendent, who thinks he can use the tramp, John Smith, in a more important place. The ditch company is in hard lines financially because eastern financial interests are working to undermine the local crowd headed by Colonel Baldwin and take over valuable property. Smith finally accepts appointment as financial secretary of Baldwin's company. He has already struck up a pleasant acquaintance with Corona Baldwin, the colonel's winsome daughter.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

—7—

"You followed?" queried Stanton.

"Yes, and when I got there the colonel was shut up in Williams' office with a fellow named Smith. When I got a place to listen in they were getting ready to quit, and the colonel was saying: 'That settles it, Smith; you've got to come over into'—I didn't catch the name of the place—'and help us.'"

Again the gentleman with the sharp jaw took time for narrow-eyed reflection.

"You'll have to switch over from the colonel to this fellow Smith for the present, Shaw," he decided, at length. "You look him up and do it quick."

The young man glanced up with a faint warming of avarice in his sleepy eyes. "It'll most likely run into money—for expenses," he suggested.

"For graft, you mean," snapped Stanton. Then he had it out with this second subordinate in crisp English. "I'm onto you with both feet, Shaw; every crook and turn of you. More than that, I know why you were fired out of Maxwell's office; you've got sticky fingers. That's all right with me up to a certain point, but beyond that point you get off. Understand?"

Shaw made no answer in direct terms, but if his employer had been watching the heavy-lidded eyes, he might have seen in them the shadow of a thing much more dangerous than plain dishonesty: a passing shadow of the fear that makes for treachery when the sharp need for self-protection arises.

"I'll try to find out about the hobo," he said, with fair enough lip-loyalty, and after he had rolled a fresh cigarette he went away to begin the mining operations which might promise to unearth Smith's record.

It was ten o'clock when Shaw left the real-estate office in the Hophra House block. Half an hour earlier Smith had come to town with the colonel in the roadster, and the two had shut themselves up in the colonel's private room in the Timanyoni Ditch company's town office in the Barker building, which was two squares down the street from the Hophra house. Summoned promptly, Martin, the bookkeeper, had brought in his statements and balance sheets,

"Try to Find Out About the Hobo."

and the new officer, who was as yet without a title, had struck out his plan of campaign.

"'Amortization,' is the word, colonel," was Smith's prompt verdict after he had gone over Martin's summaries. "The best way to get at it now is to wipe the slate clean and begin over again."

The ranchman president was chuckling soberly.

"Once more you'll have to show me, John," he said. "We folks out here in the hills are not up in the Wall street crinkles."

"You don't know the word? It means to scrap the old machinery to make room for the new," Smith explained. "In modern business it is the process of extinguishing a corporation: closing it up and burying it in another and bigger one, usually. That is what we must do with Timanyoni Ditch."

"I'm getting you, a little at a time," said the colonel, taking his first lesson in high finance as a duck takes to the water. Then he added: "It won't take much of a lick to kill off the old company, in the shape it's got into now. How will you work it?"

Smith had the plan at his fingers' ends. With the daring of all the perils had come a fresh access of fighting fitness that made him feel as if he could cope with anything.

"We must close up the company's affairs and then reorganize promptly and, with just as little noise as may be, form another company—which we will call Timanyoni High Line—and let it take over the old outfit, stock, liabilities and assets entire. You say your present capital stock is one hundred thousand dollars. This new company that I am speaking of will be capitalized at, say, an even half million. To the present holders of Timanyoni Ditch we'll give the new stock for the old, share for share, with a bonus of twenty-five shares of the new stock for every twenty-five shares of the old surrendered and exchanged. This will be practically giving the present shareholders two for one. Will that satisfy them?"

This time Colonel Dexter Baldwin's smile was grim.

"You're just juggling now, John, and you know it. Out here on the woolly edge of things a dollar is just a plain iron dollar, and you can't make it two merely by calling it so."

"Never you mind about that," cut in the new financier. "At two to one for the amortization of the old company we shall still have something like three hundred thousand dollars treasury stock upon which to realize for the new capital needed, and that will be amply sufficient to complete the dam and the ditches and to provide a fighting fund. Now then, tell me this: how near can we come to placing that treasury stock right here in Timanyoni Park? It's up to us to keep this thing in the family, so to speak; and the moment we go into other markets we are getting over into the enemy's country. I'm not saying that the money couldn't be raised in New York; but if we should go there, the trust would have an underhold on us, right from the start."

"I see," said the colonel, who was indeed seeing many things that his simple-hearted philosophy had never dreamed of; and then he answered the direct question. "There is plenty of money right here in the Timanyonis."

Smith nodded. He was getting his second wind now, and the race promised to be a keen joy.

"But they would have to be 'shown,' you think?" he suggested. "All right; we'll proceed to show them. Now we can come down to present necessities. We've got to keep the work going—and speed it up to the limit: we ought to double Williams' force at once—put on a night shift to work by electric light."

The colonel blinked twice and swallowed hard.

"Say, John," he said, leaning across the table-desk; "you've sure got your nerve with you. Do you know our present bank balance is under five thousand dollars, and a good part of that is owing to the cement people!"

"Never mind; don't get nervous," was the reassuring rejoinder. "We are going to make it bigger in a few minutes, I hope. Who is your banker here?"

"Dave Kinzie of the Brewster City National."

"Tell me a little something about Mr. Kinzie before we go down to see him; just brief him for me as a man, I mean."

The colonel was shaking his head slowly.

"He's what you might call a twenty-ton optimist, Dave is; solid, a little slow and sure, but the biggest boomer in the West, if you can get him started—believes in the resources of the country and all that. But you can't borrow money from him without security, if that's what you're aiming to do."

"Can't we?" smiled the young man who knew banks and bankers. "Let's go and see. You may introduce me to Kinzie as your acting financial secretary, if you like. Now one more question: What is Kinzie's attitude toward Timanyoni Ditch?"

"At first he was all kinds of friendly; he is a stockholder in a small way. But after a while he began to cool down a little, and now—well, I don't know; I hate to think it of Dave, but I'm afraid he's leaning the other way, toward these Eastern fellows. He tried to cover Stanton's tracks in the stock-buying from Gardner and Bolling."

"That is natural, too," said Smith, whose point of view was always unobscured in any battle of business. "The big company would be a better customer for the bank than your little one could ever hope to be. I guess that's all for the present. If you're ready, we'll go down and face the music."

"By Janders!" said the colonel with an open smile; "I believe you'd just as soon tackle a banker as to eat your dinner; and I'd about as soon take a horsewhipping. Come on; I'll steer you up against Dave, but I'm telling you right now that the steering is about all you can count on from me."

It was while they were crossing the street together that Mr. Crawford Stanton had his third morning caller, a thickset, barrel-bodied man with little piglike eyes, closely cropped hair, a bristling mustache, and a wooden leg of the homemade sort. The men of the camps called the cripple "Pegleg" or "Blue Pete" indifferently, though not to his face. For though the fat face was always relaxed in a good-natured smile, the crippled saloonkeeper was of those who kill with the knife.

Stanton looked up from his desk when the pad-and-click of the cripple's step came in from the street.

"Hello, Simms," he said, in curt greeting. "Want to see me? Sit down."

Simms threw the brim of his soft hat up with a backhanded stroke and shook his head. "It ain't worth while; and I gotta get back to camp. I blew in to tell y'u there's a fella out there that needs th' sandbag."

"Who is it?"

"Fella name' Smith. He's showin' 'em how to cut too many corners—pace-settin', he calls it. First thing they know, they'll get the concrete up to where the high water won't bu'st it out."

Stanton's laugh was impatient.

"Don't make any mistake of that sort, Simms," he said. "We don't want the dam destroyed; we'd work just as hard as they would to prevent that. All we want is to have other people think it's likely to go out—think it hard enough to keep them from putting up any more money. Let that go. Is there any more fresh talk—among the men?" Stanton prided himself a little upon the underground wire-pulling which had resulted in putting Simms on the ground as the keeper of the construction-camp canteen. It was a fairly original way of keeping a listening ear open for the camp gossip.

"Little," said the cripple briefly. "This here blink-blank fella Smith's been tellin' Williams that I ort to be run off th' reservation; says th' booze puts the brake on for speed."

"So it does," agreed Stanton musingly. "But I guess you can stay a while longer. I have a notion that Smith's been sent here—by some outfit that means to buck us. If he hasn't any backing—"

The interruption was the hurried incoming of the young man with sleepy eyes and the cigarette stains on his fingers, and for once in a way he was stirred out of his customary attitude of cynical indifference.

"Smith and Colonel Baldwin are over yonder in Kinzie's private office," he reported hastily. "Before they shut the door I heard Baldwin introducing Smith as the new acting financial secretary of the Timanyoni Ditch company!"

CHAPTER IX.

When Greek Meets Greek.

Smith allowed himself ten brief seconds for a swift eye-measuring of the square-shouldered, stockily built man with a gray face and stubbly mustache sitting in the chair of authority at the Brewster City National before he chose his line of attack.

"We are not going to cut very deeply into your time this morning, Mr. Kinzie," he began when the eye-appraisal had given him his cue. "You know the history of Timanyoni Ditch up to the present, and—well, to cut out the details, there is to be a complete reorganization of the company on a new basis, and we are here to offer to take your personal allotment of the stock off your hands at par for cash. Colonel Baldwin has stipulated that his friends in the original deal must be protected, and—"

"Here, here—hold on," interrupted the bank president; "you're hitting it up a little bit too fast for me, Mr. Smith. Who are you, and whereabouts do you hold forth when you are at home?"

Smith laughed easily. "If we were trying to borrow money of you, we might have to go into preliminaries and particulars, Mr. Kinzie. We are not alone in the fight for the water rights on the other side of the river, as you know, and until we are safely fortified we shall have to be prudently cautious. What we want to know now is this: Will you let us protect you by taking your Timanyoni Ditch stock at par?"

Kinzie met the issue fairly. "I don't know you yet, Mr. Smith; but I do know Colonel Baldwin, here, and I guess I'll take a chance on things as they stand. I'll keep my stock."

The new secretary's smile was rather patronizing than grateful.

"As you please, Mr. Kinzie, of course," he said smoothly. "But I'm going to tell you frankly that you'll keep it at your own risk. I am not sure what plan will be adopted, but I assume it will be amortization and a retirement of the stock of the original company. The voting control of the old stock we already have, as you know."

The banker pursed his lips until the stubbly gray mustache stood out stiffly. Then he cut straight to the heart of the matter.

"You mean that there will be a majority pool of the old stock, and that the pool will ignore those stockholders who don't come in?"

"Something like that," said Smith pleasantly. And then: "We're going to be generously liberal, Mr. Kinzie; we are giving Colonel Baldwin's friends a fair chance to come in out of the wet. Of course, if they refuse to come in—if they prefer to stay out—"

Kinzie was smiling sourly.

"You'll have to take care of your own banker, won't you, Mr. Smith?" he asked. "Why don't you loosen up and tell a little more? What have you fellows got up your sleeve, anyway?"

At this, the new financial manager slacked off on the hawser of secrecy a little—just a little.

"Mr. Kinzie, we've got the biggest thing, and the surest, that ever came to Timanyoni Park; not in futures, mind you, but in facts already as good as accomplished. If it were necessary—as it isn't—I could go to New York to-

"We Are Not Going to Cut Very Deeply."

day and put a million dollars behind our reorganization plan in twenty-four hours. You'd say so yourself if I were at liberty to explain. But again we're dodging and wasting your time and ours. Think the matter over—about your stock—and let me know before noon. It's rather cruel to hurry you so, but time is precious with us and—"

"You sit right down there, young man, and put a little of this precious time of yours against mine," said Kinzie, pointing authoritatively at the chair which Smith had just vacated. "You mustn't go off at half-cock, that way. You'll need a bank here to do business with, won't you?"

Smith did not sit down. Instead, he smiled genially and fired his final shot.

"No, Mr. Kinzie; we shan't need a local bank—not as a matter of absolute necessity. In fact, on some accounts I don't know but that it would be better for us not to have one."

"Sit down," insisted the bank president; and this time he would take no denial. Then he turned abruptly upon Baldwin, who had been playing his part of the silent listener letter-perfect.

"Baldwin, we are old friends, and I'd trust you to the limit—on any proposition that doesn't ask for more than the straight-from-the-shoulder honesty How much is this young friend of ours talking through his hat?"

"Not any, whatever, Dave. He's got the goods." Baldwin was wise enough to limit himself carefully as to quantity in his reply.

Again the banker made a comical bristle brush of his cropped mustache.

"I want your business, Dexter; I've got to have it. But I'm going to be plain with you. You two are asking me to believe that you've gone outside and dug up a new bunch of backers. That may be all right, but Timanyoni Ditch has struck a pretty big bone that maybe your new backers know about—and maybe they don't. You've had a lot of bad luck, so far; getting your land titles cleared, and all that; and you're going to have more. I've—"

It was Smith's turn again and he cut in smartly.

The next installment describes a sharp clash between Stanton and Smith. The fight ceases to be merely a battle of wits and becomes deadly and desperate and bloody.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Roots Must Have Room.

The yield of cotton is dependent upon the number of flowers we are able to induce the plant to form, and root space is necessary to flowering. The cotton plant's normal rooting may occupy two square yards of earth, which is several times more than given it in practice, and the yield may often be reduced by this fact as the roots must interlap.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE ITEMS

Hazelton.—A second case of Southern negro smallpox has developed.

Mechanicsburg.—The National Bank has declared a $1,000 dividend, recommending that it go to the Red Cross.

Hazelton.—The name of the Leviston post office, two miles south of here, has been change to Junedale, to avoid confusion with Lewistown.

West Berwick.—A remarkable school attendance record is that of Miss Alice Parr, a student, who has not missed a session in twelve years.

Selinsgrove.—The community folk bade an impressive farewell to the 47 men of the Susquehanna University unit for the American Ambulance Corps, when they entrained for Allentown for training.

Norristown.—A committee of 25 leading citizens has been appointed to select a site for a new Y. M. C. A. building.

Reading.—After a thorough investigation it was fund that there has not been a single slacker on registration day.

Reading.—Four little girls served as pall bearers at the funeral of Adam Strunk, 10 years old, who was killed by a Pennsylvania express train.

Norristown.—William Hampton, 70, fell dead at his workbench as wool sorter at the Norristown woolen mills.

Norristown.—Company F, is one of the few companies in the State up to full war strengh.

Pottstown.—A site 60 by 71 feet has been purchased in this city as quarters for the Young Men's Hebrew Association, and as an institute for the aducation of Jewish children in that town and immediate vicinity.

Harrisburg.—The outlook for a bubper potato crop is so encouraging throughout Berks county that farmers and dealers predict that potatoes can be purcased cheaply in the fall.

Harrisburg.—Officers at the State registration bureau estimated that 90 per cent. of the men who served on the registration work for the selective draft would give their services free.

Harrisburg.—The State Forester wants tree planters to put out more nut trees, so that small game can thrive.

Harrisburg.—State Senator Charles W. Sones bid $60,000 for the entire city bond issue to provide funds for Williamsport street improvement.

Hazleton.—The two hundred employes of the Roessel silk mill, most of them girls, have received a wage increase of 10 per cent.

Harrisburg.—Because so many of its engineering corps enlisted in the army the Lehigh Valley Coad Company has employed women to copy maps.

Hazleton.—Hazleton banks won't conduct Christmas savings clubs this year, but will instead form clubs for the sale of Liberty Loan Bonds of the next issue.

Renovo.—The Coroner's jury on the accident near here, where four persons were fatally hurt, when an automobile went over an embankment, declared it would have been prevented had the road been safeguarded.

Harrisburg.—Two farms in Old Zionsville have been leased by iron ore prospectors, and 25 miners are drilling on the Kleppinger place.

Skippack.—The school directors of Skippack township, which has nine schools, have raised the teachers' salaries from $50 to $60 for primary grades, and from $60 to $65 for grammar schools.

Harrisburg.—After killing more than 400 young chickens and several old turkeys on the farms of Dr. J. R. Wagner, John Roth, Calvin Marberger and John Becker, within a fortnight, the thief (a female gray fox with young ones) was caught in a trap and killed by Marberger.

Reading.—Adam Struck, 10 years old, of Reading while playing with two companions on the Pennsylvania Railroad bridge over the Schuylkill, was struck by a train and hurled about 35 feet, off the bridge, suffering a broken neck and fractured sckull, from which he died.

Williamsport.—Four persons were killed, two instantly, near Shintown, when a motor car driven by Theodore Nicholas, of Renovo, went over a forty-foot embankment and landed on the railroad track below. In addition to the driver the dead are: His mother, Mrs. Rachel Nicholas, and his uncle, Melvin Nicholas, both of Renovo, and his aunt, Mrs. Ross Chestnut, of Chicago, who was on a visit to relatives.

Beaver Meadow.—The Lehigh Valley Coal Company has posted signs on the baseball grounds, forbidding Sunday games.

Hazelton.—Alderman H. W. Heidenreich is a candidate for Mayor of Hazelton. He was defeated four years ago by 33 votes by James A. Harvey.

Carlisle.—The resignation of George M. Briner, for 10 years principal of the Carlisle High School, is announced.

Harrisburg.—Gardening experts at Pennsylvania State College will give a special six-weeks' course in vegetable growing, in connection with the regular summer school.

Myerstown.—For 34 years treasurer of the Women's Missionary Society of the United Brethren Church, Mrs. Isaac B. Haak was presented with a silver service.

Reading.—Rev. W. F. Teel preached the baccalaureate sermon for the graduating class of Schuylkill Seminary.

DRAFT PLANS SOON TO BE ANNOUNCED

Machinery for Enrolling Big Army Complete By July 1.

EXEMPTION REGULATIONS

Brigadier-General Crowder Foresees No More Complication Than Was Experienced With Registration.

9,649,938 MEN ENROLL FOR COUNTRY'S SERVICE.

Washington.—War registration returns, virtually completed by reports from Wyoming and Kentucky, show 9,649,938 men between the ages of twenty-one and thirty years, inclusive, have been enrolled for the country's service.

In addition to the regularly tabulated total, 6,001 Indians were enrolled by State officials, or on reservations by Interior Department agents.

Counting the 600,000 or more men in the Federal service and not required to register, the provost-marshal-general's office said the Census Bureau estimate of 10,275,604 eligibles was approximately correct, and that few slackers are to be sought.

Washington.—Machinery for enrolling an army of 625,000 men by selective draft will be completed in every detail by July 1, two months before the tentative date considered for calling the first of the troops to the colors. Regulations for the exemption process will be made public shortly.

Officials have not disclosed the plan to be followed, but the machinery for the exemption boards, both local and review, can be put into operation on July 1, it is stated.

Brigadier-General Crowder, who worked out the plans for both registration and selection, foresees no more complication with the selection and exemption machinery than was experienced with registration. Secretary Baker and his advisers repeatedly have given assurances that the selection system will be so fair that there would be no ground for fears that any man will be favored by reason of political or other relations. In order that neighborhood knowledge of a man's work and his dependents might aid in the task of sending to the front men who can be spared at home, the country undoubtedly will be highly subdivided, and the exemption districts be small.

TWO SUFFRAGISTS ARRESTED.

Police Take Misses Burns and Morey At Washington.

Washington.—Police put an end to all suffrage picketing of the White House.

Following two days' riots, Major Pullman, Superintendent of Police, issued strict orders against permitting the militants to flaunt their banners or to stand before the White House.

Shortly after issuance of the orders three patrolmen and two policewomen, after trying peacefully to dissuade Miss Lucy Burns, militant leader and Miss Catherine Morey, of Boston, from unfurling a big yellow banner before the White House gates, arrested them and took them to headquarters.

TESTS SUBMARINE CHASER.

Satisfactory Results From Trial Of First Patrol Boat.

Washington. — Preliminary reports from the New York Navy Yard on trials of the first of the 110-foot submarine chasers show satisfactory results in every respect. The hull was completed in a few weeks' time and the boat already has weathered her first test without developing any defects. An unusually severe series of tests will be given the little craft and her performance will govern largely the design of the hundreds of similar boats to be built.

TO INQUIRE INTO COAL COST.

Senate Committee Will Also Take Up Various Metals.

Washington.—Inquiry into production, prices and transportation of coal, steel, copper and other basic materials over which Government supervision may be proposed during the war was decided upon by the Senate Interstate Commerce Committee. Coal will be the first subject taken up this week.

DENIES UNREST IN SPAIN.

Army Complaints Not Political, Declares Ambassador.

Washington.—The Spanish Ambassador, Juan Riano, issued the following statement in regard to published reports of unrest in Spain:

"The news reports circulated in the United States regarding the interior situation of Spain are absolutely incorrect. Perfect tranquility prevails, both material and moral.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
ISSUED WEEKLY.

CENTRE HALL - - PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1917

SMITH & BAILEY . . . . . Proprietors
S. W. SMITH . . . . . Editor
EDWARD E. BAILEY { Local Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as second Class mail matter.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one and one-half dollars per year.

ADVERTISING RATES—Display advertisement of ten or more inches, for three or more insertions, ten cents per inch for each issue. Display advertising occupying less space than ten inches and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per inch for each issue, according to composition. Minimum charge seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; otherwise, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Lutheran—Tusseyville, morning, communion; Centre Hall, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Reformed—Spring Mills, morning; Union, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

JURY COMMISSIONER.

We are authorized to announce the name of A. C. Ripka, of Centre Hall borough, as a candidate for the nomination of Jury Commissioner on the Democratic ticket, at the Primaries, September 18, 1917.

LOCALS.

Miss May V. Rhone was home from Harrisburg for a few days.

Mrs. James Herring, of Altoona, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Laura Lee, in this place.

Letters for Elizabeth Moore, N. Guy Snyder and Samuel Coble remained uncalled for in the Centre Hall post office.

John Barnaby Still, a senior of Union College, Schnectady, N. Y., his father's Alma Mater, is spending his vacation at the manse.

Mrs. I. V. Musser and sons, Harold and William, of Mifflinburg, spent Sunday with Mrs. Musser's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyer.

Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Arney took advantage of the Niagara Falls excursion, Saturday evening, to visit their son, Miles Arney, and family, who are located at that place.

Mrs. John G. King attended the graduation exercises at the Curwensville High school, beginning of this week. Her niece, Miss Louise Karstetter, was a member of the graduating class.

Next week being the week of the Glorious Fourth, no paper will be issued from this office, which is in keeping with a custom long in vogue. The office, however, will be open for the transacting of business.

Mrs. D. L. Kerr, a few days ago, returned from a visit to the National Capital, where she was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Rearick. Mrs. Rearick, nee Miss Maude Currin, is a niece of Mrs. Kerr. Mr. Rearick is in the employment of the government.

Harry L. Burris, farmer on the Samuel Durst farm at Earlystown, has been unable to do much work for the past week or more owing to sickness. He was threatened with appendicitis, but his physican hopes to bring him around without resorting to an operation.

The youngest Liberty bond holder in Blair county is said to be J. Edmond Crowell, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Crowell, of Tyrone, and grandson of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ishler, of Centre Hall. J. Edmond was born at the home of his grandparents just seven weeks prior to the taking of the $50.00 bond for him.

During the greater part of last week automobile traffic through Penns valley was unusually heavy, due in part to the fact that farmers from all parts of the State visited Pennsylvania State College. On Sunday of course there was much travel, the few pennants displayed indicating that the tourists were from distant points.

Representatives from the various Sunday schools in the Centre Hall Lutheran charge will meet in the Lutheran church at this place, Saturday evening, 8:00 o'clock, to make definite arrangements for the annual reunion and picnic of the schools as well as the congregations of the charge. T. M. Gramley is president of the organization.

Ralph E. Bitner, M. S., is home from Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, where he was a full-fledged instructor the past term in the department of physics. Very few men so tender in years as Mr. Bitner can boast of such a multiplicity of college and university training. Besides being a graduate of Penn State, he has taken advanced work at the University of Kentucky, Chicago University and Cornell University. A great future stands before this young man.

DRAWING FOR ARMY TO BE DONE ABOUT JULY 15TH.

Work of Choosing Men Will be Done at Washington.—Local Boards to Have No Hand in Drawing.

Local boards will have nothing to do with the actual drawing when Uncle Sam selects the 625,000 young men who will compose the first conscription army.

The local boards will number serially all registration cards. Duplicate cards bearing the serial numbers will be sent to the Adjutant General's office in each state to prevent any possibility of a number being changed on a card after the drawing has been made.

The Government will begin the greatest "lottery" in history in Washington. The serial numbers for each diarict will be placed in a wheel and drawn until the requisite number has been taken. The numbers will be telegraphed and later mailed to each local exemption board.

SYSTEM IS SIMPLE.

The same numbers drawn will apply, of course, to each registration district in the United States, so the actual drawing will take a comparatively short time. For example, if No. 14 is among the numbers drawn the person whose card bears the serial number 14 in each district of the several thousand will have been selected for service and will have to present himself for physical examinations and, if has claims for exemption, before the board for a hearing.

As the Provost Marshal General's office will not have the least possible way of knowing who of the thousands of young men happen to hold the various serial numbers in the nearly 5,000 districts, there is no chance whatever for the drawing to be juggled. By centralizing the drawing at Washington the great fear that has been expressed of local favoritism being shown in drawing is done away with. If political influence comes to save some young men from service, it will have to be before the boards or the appeal boards in an open hearing on a claim for exemption.

GOVERNORS INSTUCTED

Instructions have been mailed out by thousands to the Governors of the various states telling in detail how the local exemption boards shall be organized and giving them full directions in the numbering of the registration cards serially preparatory to the drawing. That will be first work to be done. As soon as it is out of the way, the drawing will be held at Washington, with July 15 as the probable day.

CENTRE COUNTY BOARD.

In Centre county the the members of the draft exemption board will consist of George H. Yarnell, Dr. C. E. McGirk, and D. A. Grove.

Bond Purchasers.

The following persons purchased Liberty Loan Bonds through the Penns Valley Banking Company, the sum total being $19,000:

Wm. M. Allison	Mrs. Lucy Henney
Edward Allison	Geo O. Benner
Anna Mabel Allison	W. A Alexander
W. F. Bradford	Isabel Rowe
Alfred Durst	Ethel Rowe
Lillian Alexander	H. F. Bitner
Christ D. Keller	Agnes Bitner
T. M. Gramley	Wm. R. Neff
R. P. Campbell	Dr. G. W. Hosterman
Dr. H. Clay Campbell	A. J. Shook
S. W. Smith	R. D. Foreman
Rebecca Derstine	Savilla Foreman
C. W. Boozer	C. D. Bartholomew
Old Fort Lodge, F. & A.M.	Harry W. Harper
A. C. Ripka	David K. Keller
T. B. Jamison	George M. Boal
	Ethel Rowe

The Farmer's National Bank, at Millheim, sold bonds to the amount of $12,000, and the Millheim Banking Company, $11,000.

Prisoner Captured.

Allie Hammond, alias William Jennings, the prisoner who escaped from Rockview Tuesday of last week, was captured on Friday evening on the State road leading to Spruce Creek. He was first seen at Pine Grove Mills that morning where he asked for breakfast at the O. P. Bloom home. He then retreated to the mountains and next turned up at the S. Y. Elder home, at the Glades, where he asked for supper. After dark he was seen on the road by J. S. Miller, who was in his car. Miller asked the man to ride and he consented. The prison authorities were in the neighborhood and Miller soon had the prisoner in their hands. He was weak and submitted to arrest without any trouble.

Dies at Her Own Hands.

Miss Mary Glantz, a seamstress, aged thirty-eight years, shot herself twice in the breast at the home of Mrs. Dr. Hubler, at Tylersville, on Monday afternoon, in a fit of despondency owing to ill health. She lingered until Wednesday morning when she passed away at her home in Tylersville.

Threshermen Meet.

Centre County Threshermen and Farmers' Protective Association will meet in the Court House on Saturday, June 30th, at 10 a. m.

Important business will be considered at this meeting—compensation insurance, boiler inspection, prices for threshing, etc. Every man owning an engine or a threshing machine, and every farmer hireing a threshing rig should attend this meeting.

Red Cross Contributions.

A quick canvas was made of Centre Hall and vicinity for Red Cross work, last week, with the result that $163.49 was collected, $111.40 of which was contributed by citizens of the boro proper. It appears from this that a large number of persons are contemplating making their contributions to this noble work through other channels, and the organizaiion of a Red Cross Auxiliary in this place will give all such an opportunity. Reference to this organization appears elsewhere in this issue.

For the same cause, Spring Mills and vicinity contributed $163.35.

To Organize Red Cross.

A Red Cross auxiliary will be organized at Centre Hall, Tuesday evening, July 3rd. The nearly fifty members who have already joined, and others desiring to join this patriotic movement are urged to be present. The meeting will be held in the Grange hall, and the work will be fully explained by Mrs. Beach and Mrs. Mitchell, of Bellefonte.

Patriotic Service.

Patriotic Sunday will be observed July 1st in the Presbyterian church in Centre Hall, in the afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock in a joint service by the Sabbath-School and the congregation. Special program. Offering for the Red Cross Relief Fund.

Committed Suicide With Pen Knife.

Guy Goodrich, aged fifty-one years, and all his life a resident of Philipsburg, committed suicide on Saturday morning, stabbing himself in the heart with a pen knife. Despondency, due to ill health, was the cause of his deed.

Linden Hall

Miss Ruth Callahan is home from State College for the summer.

Mrs. Albertson, of Philadelphia, is the guest of Mrs. W. T. Noll.

Have you given your bit to the support of the Red Cross?

Miss Agnes Campbell, of State College, is visiting her aunts, the Misses Potter.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Swartz, of Hublersburg, were week-end guests at the J. H. Ross home.

The Linden Hall baseball team defeated Millheim on Saturday by a 14 to 4 score.

Mrs. J. W. Keller and Miss Marie Cupper, the latter of Tyrone, took advantage of the Sunday excursion and visited Fort Niagara. Among other excursionists were Miss Larue Ishler, William Osman, Bud Ralston and Herbert Klinger.

Miss Edwina Wieland spent a few days at home last week and returned to the Normal Thursday for the commencement exercises and to take part in the Junior drama. She will leave on Tuesday for Eaglesmere where she expects to be for ten days, attending the Y. W. C. A. conference.

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Houtz of Downs, Kansas, spent some time in this section last week. Mr. Houtz was formerly from this locality but since his youth has been a resident of the west. While here they were guests of Mrs. J. I. Ross. They also paid a visit to Mr. Houtz's old home, the farm now occupied by James Irvin.

OAK HALL

Ruth Dener, of State College, is visiting her grandparents.

A number of homes were wired for electric light.

Peter Shires has been on the sick list.

William Ferree and family motored to Lock Haven, Sunday.

Misses Phoebe and Margaret Potter, of Linden Hall, spent Monday at the William Kern home.

Daniel Callahan lost a valuable mare last week, through eating poison.

W. E. Tate and family, of Pleasant Gap, spent Sunday at the C. W. Whitehill home.

Mrs. Russel Maize returned home after spending some time at the William Bohn home.

Messrs. Luse and Huyett purchased several blooded Durham heifers from a Brush Valley party.

PATRIOTIC SERVICE BY A PRIVATE CITIZEN.

(Continued from first page.)

"Thousands of aviators will be sent to France as quickly as possible, Secretary Baker announced.

"The secretary said he was convinced American airmen and airplanes can turn the tide against Germany, and that the Nation's ability to furnish innumerable men and machines for air affords America her supreme opportunity for immediate fighting.

"Secretary Baker's statement interpreted as a virtual administration demand for speedy action by Congress, was sanctioned by the President before it was made public. It says:

"The War Department is behind the aircraft plans with every ounce of energy and enthusiasm at its command."

ALFRED BEIALY.

Chicago, Ill., June 18, 1917.

Putting the Ban on Carnivals.

Inland cities are opening their eyes to the evils of carnivals and the ban is being put on them right and left. Altoona has just realized the baneful effect of the carnivals, and the Altoona Tribune sums it up like this:

A concerted effort to have carnivals and similar amusements placed under a ban in the city will be made in the near future by Altoona business men and merchants as a result of considerable agitation growing out of many complaints from citizens this week.

City officials will be asked by the business men to place the same restrictions as those asked for the itinerate merchants who recently infested the community. Prominent Altoonans declare that carnivals are a community menace and add nothing to the uplift of the city, but rather detract from its morale.

A movement is under way, it was announced the other afternoon, to stamp out the cheap show and carnival evil. Thousands of dollars which rightfully belong to Altoona are taken away by these amusements through their minor gambling devices and in other sinister ways.

Juniata borough officials will likely be urged to cooperate with Altoonans in eliminating the carnivals for the remainder of the summer, as the shows can cause nearly as much difficulty for the community if they exhibit just outside city limits as within its confines.

Painter Injured in Fall From Roof.

Orvis Ewing, aged 28 years, of Lemont, was quite seriously injured Tuesday evening of last week while engaged in painting the residence of James Schrock, at that place. Ewing was at work on a ladder near the roof when it broke, precipitating him to the ground. The unfortunate young man had three ribs fractured, his back was hurt and on Wednesday evening it was thought that his left shoulder might be fractured. Ewing was rushed to the Bellefonte hospital Tuesday evening. His complete recovery is almost a certainty.

The July Cosmopolitan.

Among the striking features in July Cosmopolitan is the first installment of a new serial, "The Restless Sex," by Robert W. Chambers. Other stars in this number are Fannie Hurst, Jack London, Samuel Mervin, C. N. and A. M. Williamson, John Galsworthy, Arthur B. Reeve, Mary Roberts Rinehart, Herbert Kaufman, George Ade, Arthur Somers, Roche and many others.

DODGE BROTHERS ROADSTER

The knowledge of what the buyer expects has the effect of inspiring Dodge Brothers to a constant personal oversight of all manufacturing operations.

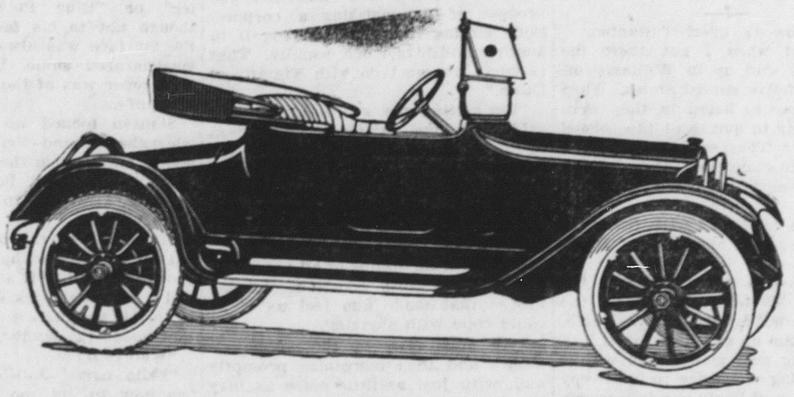
Their own life-long zeal for good workmanship is sharpened and stimulated by a realization of what the public expects from them.

The entire institution is honestly permeated with the the idea that quality and performance are paramount and all important.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car.

The gasoline consumption is unusually low.
The tire mileage is unusually high

Touring Car or Roadster, $835; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, $1000; Sedan or Coupe, $1265
(All prices f. o. b. Detroit)



SNYDER'S GARAGE
121-123 Burrows St. STATE COLLEGE, PA.
Bell Phone 200

WHAT SHALL I DO?

with my money to keep it safe? is a question with people who keep their money at home, and as a temptation to thieves or burglars.

Why not deposit it in a good, safe bank where it will draw 3 per cent. interest and be safe at the same time. You can do this now by putting it in the Farmers National Bank, Millheim.

Call to see us. We are always glad to see you.

The Farmers National Bank
Millheim, Pa.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price 75c per bottle.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

CYRUS BRUNGART
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Special attention given to collecting. Legal writings of all classes, including deeds, mortgages agreements, etc.; marriage licenses and hunter's licenses secured, and all matters pertaining to the office attended to promptly. oct3 1916 pd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

PIGS FOR SALE.—10 pigs, five weeks old, and 8 which are a few weeks older. All in prime condition. —M. A. SANKEY, Spring Mills, Pa., R. D. Bell phone 2.

Try this office for your printing.

THE MARKETS.

GRAIN

Corrected weekly by Bradford & Son.

Wheat (new)	No quotation given
Corn	1 65
Oats	.60
Barley	1.00
Rye	1.10

PRODUCE AT STORES

Butter	.30
Eggs	28

OILS & GASOLINE

I receive carload shipments and can supply you at all times at lowest prices.

Bring your barrels and drums and try my oils and gasoline.

William McClenahan
WHOLESALE DISTRIBUTOR
CENTRE HALL, PA.

Printing result — Reporter adv.

LOCALS

The borough streets are being oiled this week.

The present war will teach us one thing at least : to give.

Community picnic, on Grange Park, Centre Hall, July 4th.

B. D. Brisbin is expected home from Connecticut today (Thursday).

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Hoffman and family motored from Altoona on Sunday and spent the day at the John F. Breon home, near Centre Hall.

Rev. Josiah Still preached the sermon at the services in the Grange hall, Milesburg, last Sunday afternoon, in memory of the deceased members, Mrs. Resiges and Mr. Eisenhauer.

When you go to church or Sunday-school next Sunday, be prepared to make a contribution for the Red Cross that will make you feel that you are really patriotic on that Sunday.

Last week the Methodist church in Millheim was wired for electric light and this week the National hotel, of which J. R. G. Allison is proprietor, is being made ready for the current. Messrs. Edgar Sommers and C. W. Boczer are doing the work.

If you are interested in canning, preserving or drying be sure to attend the public meeting in the Grange Arcadia tonight. You may learn something that if practiced universally will greatly aid in increasing the food supply during the winter months.

Buckwheat was the only new crop generally sown by the Penns Valley farmers on account of the agitation to expand the variation of crops to help feed the world. There are patches of buckwheat on many farms today that did not grow a stalk in many years.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Brown and three children ; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Dietz, Miss Marie Fite and Mr. Pheasant, all of Altoona, were an auto party who spent part of Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Smith and family, Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Brown being sisters.

Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Smith attended the commencement exercises at the Bloomsburg State Normal school this week, their daughter, Miss Ruth Smith, being a member of the gratuating class. Miss Smith, a few weeks ago, was elected to teach the grammar grade of the Boalsburg schools next term.

In the Red Cross fund campaign conducted at Steubenville, Onio, last week, a feature was an immense parade in which Guy W. Jacobs, whose home is in Centre Hall, captured first prize in the men's teams contest. The teams he had in the parade were those used by the Steubenville Ice company, of which he is the manager.

Hugh Smith, son of R. M. Smith, of Centre Hill, a lad of about fourteen years, had the misfortune to be hit by a Ford crank and the result was a broken bone in the forearm. He was cranking the car at the Sprucetown church, Sunday evening after the children's day service, when the engine back-fired and did the mischief. Dr. H. H. Longwell reduced the fracture.

On Monday afternoon when Daniel Weaver left his wagon to deliver some flour to Reish's saw mill at the east end of Brush valley, the horses took fright at a steam whistle and started on a hard run over a mile of corduroy road with a small boy, Stanton Hosterman, on the wagon trying to check the runaways. The team finally came to a stop, having torn a trace and broken a few bolts.

Josiah C. Rossman, of State College, was a caller at this office on Tuesday evening on his return from a trip through Clinton, Lycoming, Northumberland and Union counties. His main object was to see his son, Abner Rossman, who for a number of years has been a railroad clerk in the Montgomery station on the Pennsy. The junior Mr. Rossman decided to leave the railroad service and has taken an interest in a shirt factory in Elizabethville, which concern employs forty girls. His partners are his father-in law and brother-in-law.

Messrs. T. L. Brotz, H. C. Siebert, and C. D. Booher were a hiking party from Lewistown that crossed the Seven Mountains on Tuesday via the old turnpike that emerges from the mountains at Zerby, and from there went to Penns Cave. After viewing the natural scenery there they voted their hiking finished, coming to Centre Hall in a car and here took passage on the bus for home, very much sore and tired out, yet repaid for their trip. The first two were the superintendent and principal, respectively, of the Lewistown public schools, and the latter is one of the teaching corps in the High school.

Margaret Luse, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Milford Luse, narrowly escaped from being run down by an automobile. The child, about six years old, was coasting on an express wagon from the Reporter office down past C. M. Smith's store and at the crossing ran into an automobile driven by a stranger. The wagon struck the rear wheel of the car and was knocked to the side and upset, throwing the little girl to the ground, but no injury was sustained. The driver of the car stopped it dead, jumped out and picked up the little girl and was much relieved when he found no injuries had been inflicted, although he was not at all responsible for the accident.

BOALSBURG.

Austin W. Dale spent Saturday with relatives at Pine Grove.

Miss Beryl Brouse spent last week with her grandmother, Mrs. Mary Brouse, at Pine Grove.

Mrs. Henrietta Dale and daughter Anna were Bellefonte visitors over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Bailey visited the former's sister, Mrs. Keller Mothersbaugh, at Hepburnville.

Mrs. Samuel Stover and sons, of Pleasant Gap, visited Mrs. William Stover part of last week.

There will be Children's Service in the Reformed church on Sunday evening, July 1st.

Mrs. George Houtz and little daughter visited Mrs. Houtz's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Kuhn, at Williamsport.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hall and daughter Virginia, of Huntingdon, were Sunday visitors at the L. E. Kidder home.

Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Workinger, son and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. Shank and son, of Milroy, spent Sunday at the Ira Rishel home.

Norman Young, who spent several years in Freeport, Illinois, came to Boalsburg last week where he will spend several months with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Shugarts, daughter Dorothy, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bucher, of Altoona, visited Mrs. Shugart's sisters, Mrs. E.W. Hess and Mrs. George Shugarts, recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bartley, of Bellefonte, spent Sunday with the latter's sister Mrs. Charles Kuhn. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Knarr, of Milesburg. Mr. Knarr is an uncle of Mrs. Bartley and Mrs. Kuhn.

Mrs. Robert Harter and son, of State College, visited Mrs. Harter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Ross, from Friday until Monday. Mr. Harter spent Sunday with the family. Miss Anna Houser of Linden Hall, was also a Sunday visitor at the Ross home.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jones, Dr. and Mrs. Jones, of Kylertown ; Miss Willo Waite and Mrs. Sharp, of Philadelphia ; Mrs. Elmer Houtz and daughter, Geraldine, of Boalsburg, spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. E. E. Brown. Mrs. Dr. Jones, a sister of Mrs. Brown's will spend a short time with relatives here.

Among the people who took advantage of the excursion to Niagara Falls on Sunday were Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hazel, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Rockey, Misses Ruth Yarnell and Annie Fogelman, Irvin Walker, Calvin Nicholson, George Bohn, Harry Kuhn, Guyer Durst; Cyrus Wagner, Riley Stover, Carl Williams, Paul Coxey, Charles Hosterman, Fred Brouse, Donald Williams, John Smith, and Earl Philips.

Weaver-Decker.

Willis A. Weaver, of Centre Hall, and Miss Edna Decker, of Lumber City, were united in marriage at Lewistown, on Wednesday of last week, by Rev. Miller, of the M. E. church.

The "Fourth" at Colyer.

G. R. Meiss, the Colyer merchant, will have a grand display of fireworks on the evening of July 4th. Everybody is invited. Ice cream will be served all day.

Misses Ethel M. Bratton, Isabel I. Shimp and Anna Louise Laub stopped with the Reporter long enough to make themselves known to the writer. The young ladies are teachers in the public schools in Lewistown and were on their way to Penn State where they are brushing up for the winter school term.

Effective June 21, 1917, the toll and long distance rates of the Bell Telephone Company of Pennsylvania has been so revised as to establish all such rates on an air-line -distance basis and to bring about an entire uniformity of charges for like distances.

In general the rate has been reduced, although in some cases there has been slight increases and many of the former rates have been continued. Altogether a saving of $250,000.00 will result.

Involved in this rate revision is the substitution of "two number" calling for "Particular Person" calling on toll messages between Centre Hall and certain nearby points to which the volume of traffic are such as to warrant the provision of a special no-delay service. By a "two number" call is meant a call by number only. no particular person being asked for when the call is given to the operator. On a "two number" call, the calling Subscriber should not leave the telephone but should remain with the receiver at his ear ; the connection will be established immediately. Whenever this "two number" calling is substituted, the initial period of connections has been increased from three minutes to five minutes.

This method of "2-number" calling is now generally in effect throughout the Bell system and connection between nearby points ; by facilitating the handling of the telephone traffic, it contributes very positively to the speed and effectiveness of the service and permits of a longer period of connection for the initial period.

In cases where "2-number" calling is now substituted for "Particular Person" calling, the revised rates are determined on the same basis--as mentioned above--all charges remain unchanged, certain of them have been reduced and a few have been increased.

There follows a comparison of certain of the old and new rates to points nearby.

From CENTRE HALL to	*Calls for a particular person; initial period of three minutes*	
	OLD RATE	*NEW RATE*
Lewistown (Mifflin county)	$0.25	$0.20
Reedsville	.35	.25
Renovo	.35	.25

The Bell Telephone Co. of Pennsylvania
W. S. MALLALIEU,
Local Manager

Spring Mills.

Lester Hanna, of Burnham, spent a few days with his mother.

Pealer Rossman, of West Chester Normal, has returned to his home.

Twenty-five tickets were sold here to Niagara Falls on Saturday night.

Mrs. Miller, mother of Rev. L. A. Miller, is visiting at the latter's home.

Mr. Limbert and wife, of Philadelphia, are visiting Mr. Limbert's sister, Mrs. C. G. Decker.

Miss Catherine Ripka, of Centre Hill, spent Sunday at the home of R. R. Rickert.

W. H. Smith was taken to the hospital at Philadelphia where he will undergo an operation.

Little Miss Anna Winkleblech, of Renovo, is visiting her uncle, Rev. L. A. Miller.

Clair Allison and bride, of Renovo are visiting the former's parents, Hon. and Mrs. H. M. Allison.

Lester Rossman is spending some time with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Rossman, at Penns Cave.

Miss Helen Finkle, a student at Lock Haven Normal, has returned to her home.

Dr. Robert Van Valzah and wife, formerly of Spring Mills, now located at Madison, Wisconsin, spent several days with friends in this vicinity.

Undertaker F. V. Goodhart used his funeral car on Monday and Tuesday at funerals conducted by Undertaker Koch, of State College.

FOUND—Motor cycle license, No. 7223. Same can be had by calling on undersigned and paying for this notice. FRED ROYER, Potters Mills, Spring Mills, R. D.

Notice to the Public.

Beginning July 6, a number of the Millheim stores will close at six o'clock on Tuesdays and Friday evenings of each week. The buying public is urged to remember these closing nights and endeavor to do necessary shopping before that hour arrives. The merchants feel that they need more recreation than they have been getting, and when the people get accustomed to the early closing, no inconvenience will be experienced.

Committee.

adv. 2t

And now they would have us believe that Pennsylvania will have an eighty-five per cent. wheat crop.

Pennsylvania, one of the first lumber-producing States in the Union, is now twentieth, and going down. Her cut is now about one-fifth of Louisiana's.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes Dead.

Dr. R. G. H. Hayes, one of the best known physicans in Central Pennsylvania, died at his home in Bellefonte Wednesday morning of last week, after a year's illness. He was a veteran of the Spanish-American war and a Mason in high standing. He was fifty seven years old and leaves a widow and four children.

Burial was made in Bellefonte on Friday morning.

CENTRE OAK

Crops are all growing nicely.

Don't forget the Childrens day service at the Evangelical church at Farmers Mills on Sunday evening.

Durst brothers are baling hay for Philip Durst.

Mr. and Mrs. Seymore Winklebleck and daughters Edna and Ardrens, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Winklebleck, all from Aaronsburg, spent Sunday at the C. S. Musser home.

Get Your Clothes Ready for the "4th"

Wherever you go, no matter where you be--among friends or strangers--if if you are wearing clothes selected from our splendid assortment, you can feel at ease and perfectly satisfied at your appearance.

With it all goes our desire to give you a full measure of satisfaction with emphasis on Good Service.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR THE NEXT 2 WEEKS

100 Ladies' Summer Dresses

That formerly sold at from $3.50 to $5.50, now must go at . . **$1.49**

OUR ENTIRE LINE OF—

LADIES' COATS, SUITS AND SKIRTS

Reduced Less than Cost

D. J. NIEMAN

MILLHEIM

"Come On, Boys!"
Give the Guard a Fighting Chance
Fight alongside Your Friends
Fill up the National Guard
ALL BRANCHES OF ARMY SERVICE ARE OPEN TO YOU.

MONDAY

OH, that dreaded wash day! Isn't there *some* way to do it easier—*some* way to avoid that terrific kitchen heat, the back-breaking job of toting wood, shoveling coal and cleaning out ashes? Yes, madam, there *is*.

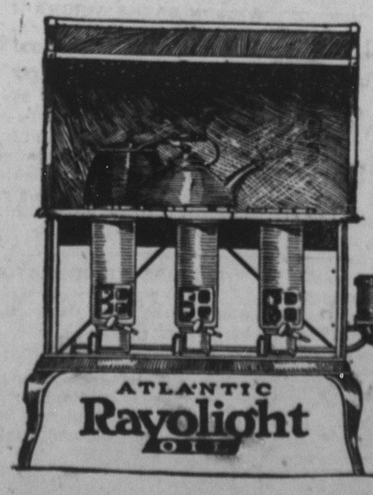
NEW PERFECTION
OIL COOK-STOVES.

have chased this wash-day bugaboo away to stay. With a *Perfection* in your kitchen you won't have heat *all* the time, but just when you need it. The water gets hot—off goes the heat, fuel expense stops, the kitchen cools off. You save money, time and work.

And the *Perfection* will bake, boil, fry or roast at a minute's notice. Just light a match and it'll begin to "do things up brown."

Your dealer will explain its many fine points, such as the fireless cooker and the separate oven.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia and Pittsburgh



Your *Perfection*, or any other oil-burning device, simply *can't* give best results unless you use Rayolight Oil. It burns without sputter, smoke or smell. And it doesn't cost a penny more than the ordinary kinds. Always look for this sign:

LIBERTY LOAN $3,035,226,850

War Issue Oversubscribed Nearly 52 Per Cent.

FULL ALLOTMENT TO $10,000

Large Subscriptions Will Be Scaled So As To Bring Loan To $2,000,000,000—McAdoo Pleased With Public's Response.

Washington. — Liberty Loan subscriptions totaled $3,035,226,850, an oversubscription of nearly 52 per cent.

The final tabulation was officially announced, showing that more than 4,000,000 persons bought bonds. Ninety-three per cent. of subscriptions, or those of 3,960,000 persons were for sums varying from $50 to $10,000, while 21 subscribers applied for allotments of $5,000,000 each or more.

The New York Federal reserve district led the list with subscriptions totaling $1,186,788,400, or more than three times the amount subscribed in the next district, Chicago, $357,195,950. The other districts sent subscriptions as follows:

Boston, $332,447,600; Cleveland, $286,148,700; Philadelphia, $232,309,250; San Francisco, $175,623,900; Richmond, $109,737,100; Kansas City, $91,758,850; St. Louis, $86,134,700; Minneapolis, $70,255,500; Atlanta, $57,878,550, and Dallas, $48,948,350.

Full Allotment To $10,000.

These subscriptions included those sent direct to the Treasury and apportioned among the various reserve districts.

Allotments will be made, Secretary McAdoo announced, as follows:

On subscriptions up to and including $10,000 full amount. These subscriptions totaled $1,296,684,850.

More than $10,000 up to and including $100,000, 60 per cent. of the amount subscribed, but not less than $10,000 in any instance. These subscriptions totaled $560,103,050; allotments to subscribers in this group will aggregate $336,061,850.

More than $100,000 up to and including $250,000, 45 per cent. of the amount subscribed, but not less than $60,000 in any instance. Subscriptions in this group totaled $220,455,600 and allotments will aggregate $99,205,000.

More than $250,000 up to and including $2,000,000, 30 per cent., but not less than $112,500 in any instance. The total of subscriptions in this group was $601,514,900; allotments will aggregate $184,381,800.

More than $2,000,000 up to and including $6,000,000 each, 25 per cent., but no less than $600,000 in any one instance. Subscriptions in this group totaled $234,544,300; allotments will total $58,661,250.

Three Asked For Over $25,000,000.

More than $6,000,000 up to and including $10,000,000 each, 21 per cent. Subscriptions in this group totaled $46,674,150; allotments will aggregate $9,801,600.

Two subscriptions of $25,000,000 each were received. The allotments to these subscribers will be at the rate of 20.22 per cent., and they will receive bonds of the value of $5,055,000 each. One subscriber to $25,250,000—the largest—will be given 20.17 per cent., or $5,093,650.

Conclusive Answer To Enemy.

"One of the chief purposes of the campaign was to distribute the Liberty Bonds widely throughout the country and place them as far as possible in the hands of the people. This was important because the streugth of Government finance, like the strength of Government policies, rests upon the support of the people. The large number of subscribers, especially the large number of small subscribers, is most gratifying and indicates that the interest of the people was aroused as never before in an issue of bonds.

AIRSHIPS RAID BRITAIN.

Zeppelin Brought Down After Coast Town Had Been Set On Fire.

London.—German airships made a raid on the east and southeast coast of England Sunday. One Zeppelin was brought down in flames, according to an official announcement, after one of the raiders had dropped bombs in Kent.

$500,000 AMBULANCE GIFT.

Ford Motor Company Makes Donation To Red Cross.

Detroit.—Five hundred thousand dollars' worth of Ford ambulances will be given to the Red Cross. This decision was reached at a meeting of the board of directors of the Ford Motor Company.

OUR FLYERS IN FRANCE.

Fifty American Aviators Welcomed By the French.

Nice, France.—Fifty American aviators arrived here to undergo a course of instruction at the seaplane depot. They were given the heartiest of welcomes by their French comrades.

RUSSIA TO STAND TRUE TO HER ALLIES

Peace Impossible Till Autocracy is Crushed.

HOPES FOR CLOSE UNION

Kerensky Whipping Army Into Shape. People Grateful For U. S.' Prompt Recognition Of Republic.

Washington.—Russia's consecration to a war to the end with German autocracy was avowed by Special Ambassador Boris A. Bakhmetieff, head of the Russian mission here, in a statement to the American people.

Only through victory, he said, can a stable world peace and the fruits of the Russian revolution be secured.

Russia Reorganizing.

"The Russian people thoroughly understand and are fully convinced," said Mr. Bakhmetieff, "that it is absolutely necessary to root out the autocratic principles which underlie and are represented by German militiarism, which threatens the peace, the freedom and the happiness of the world."

All classes in Russia, the Ambassador said, are concentrated on the enormous task of reconstruction made necessary by the sweeping away of the evils of the old regime and already noticeable results are apparent, especially in the army under the energetic leadership of Minister Kerensky.

Brings Thanks To U. S.

"In behalf of the Russian provisional government and in behalf of all the people of new Russia," said Mr. Bakhmetieff, "I have been first of all sent here to express their gratitude to the government of the United States for the prompt recognition of the new political order in Russia.

"This noble action of the world's greatest democracy has afforded us strong moral support and has created among our people a general feeling of profound appreciation.

"Close and active relationship between the two nations based upon complete and sincere understanding encountered inevitable obstacles during the old regime because of its very nature. The situation is now radically changed, with free Russia starting a new era in her national life. The natural and deep feeling of sympathy which always existed between the people of the two great nations will grow now, by the force of events into a stable friendship—into permanent and active co-operation.

Hopes For Close Union.

"I have been in this country heretofore on several occasions; I have here many friends and have always looked forward to a close union and friendship between the United States and Russia. The United States, with its enormous natural resources and its wonderful genius for organization, can now greatly aid in the work of reconstruction which is taking place in Russia.

"Another object of our mission is to establish the most effective means by which the American and Russian democracies can work hand-in-hand in the common task of successfully carrying on the war. The friendly assistance which the United States has already rendered has been of the highest value."

U-BOAT LOSSES ON INCREASE.

Thirty-Three British Vessels Sunk During Week Ended June 20.

London.—Twenty-seven British ships of more than 1,600 tons have been sunk, according to the weekly British summary given out Wednesday. Five British vessels under 1,600 tons also were sent to the bottom. No fishing vessels were destroyed. The summary is as follows:

Arrivals, 2,897; sailings, 2,993.

British merchant ships over 1,600 tons sunk by mine or submarine, including 3 previously, 27; under 1,600 tons, including 1 previously, 5.

British merchant ships unsuccessfully attacked, including 2 previously, 31.

British fishing vessels sunk, none.

Three Ships Reported Sunk.

Boston.—The loss of two British steamers, with cargoes worth millions, and of one Dutch vessel by German submarines was announced here, while regarding another British steamer it was reported that she had been floated and towed to a British port after being seriously damaged and beached in the Mediterranean.

BATTLE FIERCER IN TYROL.

Italian and Austrian Guns Shake Entire Mountain Range.

Amsterdam.—The Cologne Gazette's correspondent on the Tyrolean front says that the new battle on the Sette Communi Plateau has assumed extraordinary dimensions. Drumfire continued the whole night, reaching such violence in the morning that the mountains in all Southern Tyrol reechoed. The battle, says the correspondent, extends along the entire front from the Sugana Valley to Asiago.

STYLE SUGGESTIONS FOR THE SUMMER

WHEN MARKETING, QUARTER MASTERS UNIFORM SHOULD BE WORN
WHEN WORKING IN THE GARDEN, FEDERAL INDUSTRIAL COSTUME IS PRACTICAL
NAVY UNIFORMS WILL BE POPULAR AT THE SUMMER RESORTS
WHEN OUT WITH THE BABY, THE INFANTRY COSTUME IS PROPER

(Copyright.)

PRESIDENT CALLS FOR VOLUNTEERS

June 23-30 Recruiting Week For Regulars.

STRENGTH OF 300,000 AIM

Proclamation Issued To Request Of Army Officers—Men Are Asked To Serve Only For Duration Of the War.

Washington. — President Wilson issued a proclamation designating the week of June 23-30 as recruiting week for the Regular Army and called upon unmarried men without dependents to enroll for war service in order that the ranks of the Regulars might be filled promptly.

The proclamation follows:

Proclamation by the President:

"I hereby designate the period of June 23 to June 30 next as recruiting week for the Regular Army and call upon unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 40 years who have no dependents and who are not engaged in pursuits vitally necessary to the prosecution of the war to present themselves for enlistment during the week herein designated to the number of 70,000.

"(Signed) WOODROW WILSON."

300,000 By June 30 Aim.

The President's action was taken at the request of Army officials, who have been seriously concerned over the slow rate of recruiting for the Regular Army despite the fact that the War Department's recruiting agencies cover every section of the country and that men are asked to serve only for the period of the war. It had been hoped that the Regular service could be brought to its whole war strength of approximately 300,000 men by June 30, which would have permitted the War Department to carry out its plans in regard to the training of all the forces to be raised and also as to the dispatch of armies to France. For several days, however, the average enrollment for the Army per day has been little more than 1,000 men instead of the 5,000 or more the department hoped to secure.

TWO TORPEODES MISSED.

German Submarine Fired Twice At American Steamer.

An Atlantic Port.—An American steamer reported an engagement with a German submarine off Brest, France, May 28, in which the U-boat fired two torpedoes, one at her bow and one at her stern, but neither found its mark. The naval gunners fired but do not think they made a hit. After ten shots from the steamer the submarine disappeared.

Off the coast of Ireland the American steamer picked up three members of the crew of a Norwegian lumber ship which was torpedoed and sunk five miles ahead of the American ship. The survivors were landed at Queenstown.

Crossing the English Channel the steamer received a number of "S. O. S." calls but was advised by patrol boats not to reply.

WILSON BACKS AIRCRAFT BILL.

Measure Carrying $600,000,000 Will Be Introduced Next Week.

Washington.—Approval has been given the Defense Council's aircraft bill by President Wilson and it will be introduced in Congress this week. It will provide an initial appropriation of $600,000,000 and the program calls for construction within a year of between 25,000 and 30,000 airplanes.

BIG FIRE AT IRVINGTON.

National Bank and Other Buildings Destroyed.

Warsaw, Va.—Fire destroyed the Virginia Citizen's office and plant, store and stock of Fagunby & Son, offices of F. G. Newbill and Dr. W. J. Newbill and the National Bank.

SIM'S IN COMMAND OF ALLIED FLEET

American Will Try His Hand in Irish Waters

HIS RESPONSIBILITY HEAVY

Thousands Of Naval Vessels Gathered There To Combat Submarines and Keep Steamship Lanes Open.

London. — Vice-Admiral William S. Sims, U. S. N., has been appointed to take general charge of the operations of the Allied naval force in Irish waters.

Admiral Sims will act in this capacity while the British naval commander-in-chief is absent from his post for a period, the official announcement of his appointment explains. The American admiral's flag, meanwhile, has been hoisted as the Allied senior officer in these waters.

The text of the official statement reads:

"During a short absence of the British naval commander-in-chief on the coast of Ireland Vice-Admiral Sims, of the United States Navy, has hoisted his flag as Allied senior officer in general charge of operations of the Allied naval forces in Irish waters."

Washington Enlarged Powers.

Washington.—A brief message from London brought the Navy Department its first news of the appointment of Vice-Admiral Sims to command the Allied naval forces in Irish waters during the absence of the commander of that district. The department had no other information as to the new responsibilities placed upon the American officer.

The Washington Government has given Admiral Sims additional power to meet any condition that may arise.

Much of his time has been spent in London and Paris, and the latest advices are the first to indicate that he has been at sea with his ships.

It was said at the department, however, that the officer determined for himself the best course to pursue and would spend all his time afloat if he regarded that as advisable.

Has Great Responsibilities.

Tremendous responsibilities have been placedon Admiral Sims' shoulders. The tale of torpedoed ships in Irish waters is an often-repeated one. It has been said that even without the American vessels, the British have had thousands of destroyers, submarine chasers of all sizes and kinds, mine sweepers, aircraft and every other known method of combatting submarines posted in these waters in the effort to keep open the shipping lanes.

May Have Effect On Ireland.

In some quarters it was pointed out that the announcement that the American officer had been placed, even temporarily, in command of British forces greatly superior to those under the American flag in those waters might have a political effect in Ireland, where the situation is turbulent with the approach of the Irish convention period. It might tend to show beyond question, it was suggested, that the British and American Governments were in perfect accord.

GERMAN CASUALTIES.

Total Over Four Million, Three Hundred and Fifty Thousand.

London.—The German casualties as reported in the German official casualty lists in the month of May follow:

Killed and died of wounds or sickness, 22,000; prisoners and missing, 26,562; wounded, 62,394. Total, 110,956.

These casualties added to those previously reported give the following total since the beginning of the war:

Killed and died of wounds or sickness, 1,068,127; prisoners and missing, 557,410; wounded, 2,731,223; total, 4,356,760.

WILSON'S PROMISE TO THE BELGIANS

Declares Their Country Shall Be Restored.

THE FORMAL PRESENTATION

Expresses the Nation's Appreciation For the Generous Outburst Of Sympathy Shown By the American Nation.

Washington.—In greeting Belgium's war mission Monday President Wilson expressed America's solemn determination that on the inevitable day of victory Belgium shall be restored to the place she has so richly won among the self-respecting and respected nations of the earth.

The commissioners spent the first day in Washington paying official calls. Secretary Lansing accompanied them to the White House where Baron Moncheur, head of the mission, handed to President Wilson a personal letter from King Albert and expressed in a short address Belgium's gratitude for America's aid.

"Since the first days of the greatest tragedy which has ever befallen humanity," said the Baron, "Belgium has contracted an immense debt of gratitude to the generous American nation. In a magnificent outburst of sympathy for the little country which has chosen to delay a powerful and pitiless enemy rather than to tarnish its honor or forswear its plighted word, the initiative of American citizens gave to the unfortunate victims of German cruelty in Belgium the most splendid evidences of generbsity."

President Wilson, thanking Baron Moncheur and through him King Albert, said in reply:

"Your Excellency is good enough to express the thanks of the Belgian people for the participation of America in feeding the people of your stricken country. This work in which so many Americans have been enthusiastically engaged since the beginning of the war is one which has brought as much of benefit to them as to the innocent civilian population whom it was intended to aid.

"America engaged upon this work as being the only means, however inadequate, of expressing our deep and sincere admiration for the valiant nation that had gone forth unhesitatingly to meet the onslaughts of a ruthless enemy rather than sacrifice her honor and her self-respect.

"The American people have been able to understand and glory in the unflinching heroism of the Belgian people and their sovereign, and there is not one among us who does not today welcome the opportunity of expressing to your own heartfelt sympathy and friendship and our solemn determination that on the inevitable day of victory Belgium shall be restored to the place she has so richly won among the self-respecting and respected nations of the earth."

GREAT AID TO BELGIUM.

Eleven Ships Arrive Since June 7; That Many More On Way.

London.—The American Commission for Relief in Belgium announced that since June 7 eleven of their ships, carrying an aggregate of 50,000 tons of foodstuffs, have arrived at Rotterdam, and it expected an equal number will reach that port in the next two weeks.

The receipt of this foodstuff will aid in relieving the serious food shortage in the occupied portions of Belgium and France.

SMALL SUBSCRIBERS FIRST.

To Receive Full Amount Of Liberty Loan Bonds.

Washington. — Treasury officials have reached a tentative decision that all subscribers to the Liberty bond offering in amounts of $10,000 or less shall receive their full subscriptions. Any reduction necessary because of the over-subscription will come on higher amounts. Revised unofficial estimates as to the total subscriptions today placed the figures at approximately $2,825,000,000.

HIS HOPE FOR NEW RUSSIA.

Gorky Believes Knowledge and Work Will Cure All Evils.

Petrograd. — Maxim Gorky, the author, is taking the lead in a widespread movement for political and economic reconstruction of Russian affairs on the basis of universal application of science to practical life. M. Gorky, in collaboration with other distinguished writers and men of science is starting "the free association for development and dissemination of the positive sciences."

GUILTY OF ANTI-DRAFT PLOT.

Former Columbia Students Recommended To Mercy.

New York.—The jury in the case of Owen Cattell and Charles F. Phillips, former Columbia University students, charged with conspiring to obstruct the operation of the Selective Draft law, returned a verdict of guilty in the Federal District Court. The jury deliberated five hours and recommended mercy in announcing the verdict.

BUSINESS GOOD IN CANADA

No Financial Depression, and None Since the War Began.

A well-known correspondent of an important Western daily paper recently made an extended visit to Western Canada, and in summing up the results, after going thoroughly into conditions there, says there is no financial depression in Canada, nor has there been anything of the sort since the war began. Anyone who has watched the barometer of trade, and seen the bank clearings of the different cities grow and continue to grow will have arrived at the same conclusion. The trade statistics reveal a like situation. The progress that the farmers are making is highly satisfactory. As this correspondent says: "It is true there have been adaptations to meet new conditions, and taxes have been revised, and that a very large burden of added expense in many lines has been assumed, but it has all been done methodically, carefully and with full regard for the resources to be called on.

"That this has been done fairly and wisely is proved by the present comfortable financial position.

"With the exception of a restricted area in the east, Canada is not an industrial country. The greater portion of the Dominion must be classed as agricultural area, with only an infinitesimal part of it fully developed.

"Lacking complete development, the agricultural portion of Canada has naturally placed its main dependence upon fewer resources than would be the case in the States. Even in peace times, business would be subject to more frequent and wider fluctuations, due to the narrower foundation upon which it rests.

"Thus, Canada has been able to come up to the war with efficiency and sufficiency and to maintain and even advance its civilian activities.

"Canada's first element of financial strength lay in its branch bank system. This system has two great advantages: it makes the financial resources of the Dominion fluid so that supplies of capital can run quickly from the high spots to the low spots; also, it places at the command of each individual branch the combined resources of the whole institution so that there is an efficient safeguard against severe strain at any one point.

"Here in Winnipeg, the all-Canada banking houses maintain big, strong branches and, as elsewhere in the Dominion, these held to an attitude of saneness and solidity that prevented even the start of any financial disturbance.

That business generally is now coming strong on an even keel is largely due to the absolute refusal of the banks, both branch and independent, to exhibit the slightest signs of excitement or apprehensiveness.

"For all Canada the savings bank figures are astonishing. Beginning with 1913, they are, for the fiscal year ending March 31:

1913	$622,928,968
1914	663,650,230
1915	683,761,432
1916	738,169,212
1917	888,765,698

"These figures represent what Canadians have put away after paying the increased living cost, which is about the same as in the States, all increases in taxes and imports of all kinds made necessary by the war and generous subscriptions to war bond issues.

"Prohibition has helped greatly in keeping the money supplies circulating in the normal, necessary channels. Tradesmen generally attribute a large part of the good financial condition to the fact that the booze bill has been eliminated. Canada takes law enforcement with true British seriousness.

"Financially, as in every other respect, Canada has developed sufficiency. She has done it in spite of initial conditions which would not look promising in the States and she has done it in a big, strong way.

"One of the best things we did," said one of the leading Winnipeg bankers to me, "was to decide early in the game that we simply would not borrow trouble.

"We started in ignorance of how the war would develop and without knowing exactly what our resources were, and had to find the way.

"And yet Canadians are not overburdened with taxes nor are they complaining of them. For the common people there has been but a slight tax increase, if any, in a direct way. Indirect payments, of course, are made in the shape of higher prices for living commodities, but the price advance on such items is no heavier than in the States in the same period."—Advertisement.

There are 70 national bird reservations, of which 67 are in charge of the department of agriculture.

Dr. Peery's "Dead Shot" is not a "lozenge" or "syrup," but a real old-fashioned dose of medicine which cleans out Worms or Tapeworm with a single dose. Adv.

Rabbit skins are going to be used in great numbers by furriers next season.

After the Movies
Murine Is for Tired Eyes.
Red Eyes — Sore Eyes — Granulated Eyelids. Rests — Refreshes — Restores. Murine is a Favorite Treatment for Eyes that feel dry and smart. Give your Eyes as much of your loving care as your Teeth and with the same regularity.
CARE FOR THEM. YOU CANNOT BUY NEW EYES!
Sold at Drug and Optical Stores or by Mail.
Ask Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, for Free Book

Twenty-Five Years' Experience With This Kidney Medicine

It is a quarter of a century since I introduced Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to my trade and they all speak very favorably regarding it, and some friends said it is the best medicine they have ever used. The sale we have enjoyed on the preparation and the splendid reputation that it feels is a positive proof that it is one of the most meritorious remedies on the market. Very truly yours,

F. E. BRITTON, Druggist.

Nov. 28th, 1916. Jonesboro, Tenn.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

Confident.

"We need brains in this business, young man."

"Your business shows it, sir. That is why I am offering you my services."

DON'T WORRY ABOUT PIMPLES

Because Cuticura Quickly Removes Them—Trial Free.

On rising and retiring gently smear the face with Cuticura Ointment. Wash off the Ointment in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water, using plenty of Soap. Keep your skin clear by making Cuticura your every-day toilet preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Explained.

"I know a man who is very successful in business, and yet all his customers know his talk about his goods is chiefly hot air."

"How does he manage to fool them, then?"

"He doesn't. He deals in furnaces."

Acid Stomach, Heartburn and Nausea quickly disappear with the use of Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills. Send for trial box to 372 Pearl St., New York. Adv.

Subject to Approval.

The Nurse—What do you think of the new twin babies?

Little Ethel—Are they real goods or just samples to select from?

The Whole Gamut.

Mayor Mitchel said at a dinner in New York:

"Insurance rates, now that we're at war, will naturally go up. I heard the other day about a young fellow who went to an insurance agent and said:

"'I'd like to take out a policy, please.'

"'Very good, sir,' said the agent. 'Sit down and have a cigar. Now, then, what kind of a policy do you want to take out—life, fire, burglary, accident, murder, drowning, assassination or marine?'

"'I'll take the whole caboodle of them,' said the young man. 'I'm going to try to cross to England through the U-boat blockade.'"

Venal Justice.

Former President Taft, during a visit to Texas, said at a dinner in Galveston:

"There is a story which illustrates the importance of keeping our judges out of business or trade.

"It's a story about a magistrate who was also a flour and feed dealer. A farmer was brought before the man for failing to notify of a case of cattle disease. The magistrate delivered judgment as follows:

"'You are fined $5 for this offense, with $2.50 costs, making $7.50, and $9 you owe me for your last bill of feed, or $16.50 in all—$16.50, or thirty days.'"

PARENTS

who love to gratify children's desire for the same articles of food and drink that grown-ups use, find

INSTANT POSTUM

just the thing.

"There's a Reason"

CUBS AND GIANTS UNDERGO MANY CHANGES

OLD-TIME CHICAGO AND NEW YORK PLAYERS

When Fred Merkle went to the Cubs he found not a single player who was with the team in 1908, when the Cubs won the pennant from the Giants through Merkle's oversight in not touching second. All of the old Cubs are gone, though four still remain in the National league. Evers and Reulbach now form the coaching squad of the Braves. Schulte plays the outfield for Pittsburgh, while Zimmerman, the kid infielder of 1908, now is McGraw's third baseman.

Of the 1908 Giants, only Herzog is left in New York and he has been a Gotham inhabitant only off and on—McGraw having traded him away twice and traded him back twice. Charley put in terms in Boston and Cincinnati. Like Zimmerman, Doyle and Merkle, Herzog was a rookie infielder in 1908. He came into the league that season. Marquard, now with Brooklyn, went to the Giants in the fall of 1908, while Leon Ames, though a veteran of the Giant pitching staff in 1908, still is pitching good ball in St. Louis. Matty, of course, still is in the league as manager of Cincinnati, but Big Six is no longer in active service.

WITH HAMLET OMITTED

Did you ever, in the days when the world was young, see Booth as he stalked through "Hamlet's" lines? Ever sit enthralled in pit or gallery while the great master spoke his rolling words and acted his immortal role? And then, perchance, did you go to see some would-be renderer of Shakespere struggle with "Hamlet," even though he might do the best he could? Then you know what it is to see the Pittsburg club without Hans Wagner in the show.

SPLENDID PLAYER IN MINORS

Beals Becker Led American Association in Batting Last Year—Would Help Any Team.

There is a marvelous player still in the minors who has no business there. He is Beals Becker, who led the American Association in batting last season and is out to repeat this year. Becker would strengthen any number of major league teams, yet nobody seems to

Beals Becker.

want him. They pay large sums every year experimenting with incompetents while this seasoned, dependable star is permitted to stay in the bushes.—Sporting Life.

WHOLE FAMILY IN BASEBALL

Outfielder Thrasher of Athletics Has Four Brothers Interested in National Game.

Frank Thrasher, the outfielder of the Athletics, formerly with Atlanta of the Southern league, is not the only baseball representative of the family. His brother, Ralph, who has retired to farm life, was pitcher for a team at Watkinsville, Ga. His brothers, Ike and Loring, are candidates for the infield and outfield of the Atlanta team, and another brother, Cloyce, aged seventeen, is a member of the Oconee High School team of Watkinsville.

DIAMOND NOTES

This country went into the war admirably prepared for baseball.

* * *

Li Hung Schang is the most improved veteran player on the Athletic team.

* * *

Several of the Brooklyn players are to get bonuses if they hit up to certain marks.

* * *

Those "bean ball" pitchers would be handy with the hand grenades in the front trenches.

* * *

Barry McCormick, one of the American league's new umpires, appears to be a capable official.

* * *

Ed Lafitte, the former Buffalo Fed pitcher, is now a full-fledged dentist, and is practicing his profession.

* * *

Portland is drawing big crows to its home games, and maybe Hugh Duffy wishes he had stuck on his job.

* * *

The Cardinals are getting the money in St. Louis. Miller Huggins seems to have a good ball club after all.

* * *

Cincinnati politicians are grooming Garry Herrmann, chairman of the national commission, for mayor of Redland.

* * *

Manager McGraw is trying to convert George Kelly, the nephew of Bill Lange, from an outfielder into a pitcher.

* * *

Newark's great strength so far has been in its pitching, for which, without a doubt, wise old Tom Needham is responsible.

* * *

Fred Mitchell, who is getting fair results with the disjointed Cubs, has developed a fine all-around player in "Dutch" Reuther.

* * *

Larry Chappelle would save money if he purchased a mileage book. He makes so many trips between the minors and the majors.

* * *

The White Sox are getting some good pitching and winning quite regularly. Faber, Scott and Cicotte have all shown winning form.

* * *

The Three-I league, which voted to adopt the double-umpire system, will have to get along with one to the game, according to President Tearney.

* * *

The Boston Braves got inside the player limit by releasing Catcher Arthur Rico to Springfield of the Eastern league under an option of recall.

* * *

Hal Chase is playing the same fine brand of ball that he once showed in the American league and displayed for the Cincinnati Reds last season.

* * *

Twenty-five no-hit games have been played in the American league since 1900, according to one historian, and of this number only five are credited to left handers.

LAUD DAVE ROBERTSON

Manager McGraw Says Giant Outfielder as Great as Cobb.

Temperamental Southerner Is Great Ball Player, but Wants to Have His Own Way—Batted .307 Last Season.

John J. McGraw's declaration that Davy Robertson, Giant outfielder, is as great a ball player as Ty Cobb, if the Giant star cares to be, was almost the cause for breaking out American flags and holding a public mass meeting to send thanks by the citizens of Elizabeth City, N. C., where Dave first attracted attention.

Dave is temperamental. He is a Southerner with the Southerner's contempt for the Northerner's brusqueness. He is a great ball player, and he knows it fairly well. But Dave wants to be great in his own way. If he doesn't feel like stretching his legs in a sprint to first base, why it's nobody's business, so he does as he pleases.

McGraw has been grilling Robertson for a long time, using his own successful way in making a great man of his potential great. This year, according to McGraw, Robertson is going to step out as the only real rival of the famous Georgia peach in all-around ball playing. Dave has added

Dave Robertson.

a few promises of his own, and it may be that he will forget temperament and try to make them stick.

Last year Dave busted into the first days of the season with a few well-timed crashes that placed him at the head of the batting list with no trouble at all. He played like a fiend, or a Cobb, and he made such a furore that everyone, McGraw included, said the star had at last begun to shine.

It was premature praise, for Dave struck a slump, forgot his good resolutions, and ended the season with a batting average of .307, barely within the hall of fame.

BLOWING SAND RIGHT SMART

Exhibition Game Between Giants and Tigers Called on Account of Unusual Wind Storm.

Ball games have been called off on account of wetness, but seldom on account of too much dryness. This is what happened to the Giants-Tigers contest scheduled for Oklahoma City exhibition. A high wind took all the moisture out of the diamond and scattered the sand diamond so that it couldn't be played on. The visiting players took a look at the situation and refused to go on. "Why, the whole infield is up in the air," said one of them, as the wind scooped a wagonload of sand out of second base and deposited it in the pitcher's box. Even Oklahoma City natives admitted it was blowing "right smart" and did not blame the players.

KIT BRANSFIELD'S OLD JOB

Hard to Find Player to Replace Former Pirate at First Base—Those Who Have Tried.

In 1915 Kitty Bransfield, now a National league umpire, was first baseman of the Pittsburgh Pirates. Since then twenty men have had chances to fill the position without success. Del Howard, Homer Hildebrand, Bill Clancey, Joe Nealon, Allan Storke, Harry Swacina, Warren Gill, Jimmy Kane, Bill Abstein, Jack Flynn, Ham Hyatt, Bud Sharpe, Fred Hunter, Bill McKechnie, Jack Miller, Ed Konetchy, Doc Johnston, Hans Wagner, Bill Hinchman, and Warren Adams have all had their crack at the job, and not one has made good. It is doubtful if any club has this record.

DAMON AND PYTHIAS JEERED

Does Not Make Hit When Pulled in Baseball Games—Class D Clubs Offer Many Thrills.

Competition may or may not be the life of trade, but it is certainly the life of baseball. A game between a couple of pugnacious, hard-fighting Class D league clubs offers more thrills and real enjoyment than a pink tea affair between big league outfits. The Damon and Pythias business doesn't make a hit with the fans. The fate of the universe may not depend upon the outcome of a ball game, but the bugs like to see the players act as if it did. Baseball without the fighting spirit and the "pep" is only, as the English say, "glorified rounders."

GOT HIS FRYING PAN BACK

Nevada Gold Miner in New York Loses Utensil, Valued Not for Itself but for Its Contents.

Not many persons who come to the Waldorf-Astoria travel with a frying pan as an important part of their baggage, and when a guest from Nevada telephoned down to the office that his frying pan was missing, and that he was anxious to catch a train for his home inside of half an hour, there was consternation among the clerks, says the New York Times. Investigation showed, however, that the man from the quick-divorce state had not been trying to lower the cost of living by turning his room into a kitchenette during his visit. He is part owner of a gold mine out in Nevada, and when he came east he brought the pan along to show his old friends here what panning gold was like. He had been demonstrating this during the morning before an interested group, using the washstand as a sluice, when, receiving a sudden call, he put the pan with some gold in it in the handiest spot, and hurried downstairs. When he came back later to pack his grips, the pan was missing. Investigation revealed that the maid who attended the room had found the frying pan, and its presence was such an unusual thing that she had turned it over to the housekeeper for safekeeping. With its contents intact, it was restored to its owned in time for him to catch his train.

Whenever You Need a General Tonic Take Grove's

The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a General Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. It acts on the Liver, Drives out Malaria, Enriches the Blood and Builds up the Whole System. 50 cents.

Tomb of Mohammed Looted.

Intense indignation has been aroused throughout the Mussulman world by the sacrilege of the Turkish government, which seized the jewels and money which the faithful in the course of centuries have deposited on the tomb of Mohammed. Among these treasures are a large number of precious stones, including the famous diamond known as the "Shining Star," which the Turkish government has carried away. This stone is valued at more than one and one-half million dollars.

FRECKLES

Now Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine — double strength — is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

Would Have Doctors Exempted.

Many members of the medical profession are indignant at the fact that medical students have not been exempted from military service under the compulsory-service bill, although theological students have been exempted. The need for a supply of physicians, of course, will be increased by the war, which will take many of them to the front. Keeping enough doctors at home to take care of the civil population is one of the perplexing questions faced by the council of national defense. Also, the number of students in this country has been reduced in recent years by the strict standards imposed upon schools, which has put many of them out of business and increased the length of time required for a physician to qualify for practice.

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

A Foe to Gardening.

"How's your garden getting along?"

"I'm having a hard fight of it. I planted a lot of vegetable seeds, but my neighbors own chickens, and, confound it, I believe every one of those hens is working for the kaiser."

Many a man's first mistake lies in the selection of his parents.

CLIMBED STAIRS ON HER HANDS

Too Ill to Walk Upright. Operation Advised. Saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This woman now raises chickens and does manual labor. Read her story:

Richmond, Ind.—"For two years I was so sick and weak with troubles from my age that when going up stairs I had to go very slowly with my hands on the steps, then sit down at the top to rest. The doctor said he thought I should have an operation, and my friends thought I would not live to move into our new house. My daughter asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had taken it with good results. I did so, my weakness disappeared, I gained in strength, moved into our new home, did all kinds of garden work, shoveled dirt, did building and cement work, and raised hundreds of chickens and ducks. I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if these facts are useful you may publish them for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. M. O. JOHNSTON, Route D, Box 190, Richmond, Ind.

Kill All Flies! THEY SPREAD DISEASE

Placed anywhere, Daisy Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Neat, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. Ask for

Daisy Fly Killer

Sold by dealers, or 5 sent by express, prepaid, $1.00.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DE KALB AVE., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

LABORERS — White and Colored Steady Work — Good Wages

Excellent opportunity for handy men to advance in all trades. Can also use all classes of *Mechanics* at *Good Wages.*

Apply in person to

Bethlehem Steel Co., Sparrow's Point, Md.

A Question of Time.

She—Albert, don't you think it is about time I had a new hat?

He (absent-mindedly)—I really don't know, my dear; I—er—seem to have allowed my watch to run down.

Granulated Eyelids, Sties, Inflamed Eyes relieved over night by Roman Eye Balsam. One trial proves its merit. Adv.

Still Suffering.

"Don't you think her voice is improved?"

"Perhaps, but not cured."

"Doans Saved My Life"

"I Had Given Up Hope" Says Mr. Dent, "But Doan's Kidney Pills Cured Me Permanently."

Mr. Dent

"My kidney trouble began with backache, which ran on about a year," says W. H. Dent, 2213 Reynolds Street, Brunswick, Ga. "My back got so I was at times unable to sleep, even in a chair. Often the pain bent me double. I would be prostrated and someone would have to move me. Uric acid got into my blood and I began to break out. This got so bad I went to a hospital for treatment. I stayed there three months, but got but little better. Dropsy set in and I bloated until nearly half again my size. My knees were so swollen the flesh burst in strips. I lay there panting, and just about able to catch my breath. I had five doctors; each one said it was impossible for me to live.

"I hadn't taken Doan's Kidney Pills long before I began to feel better. I kept on and was soon able to get up. The swelling gradually went away and when I had used eleven boxes I was completely cured. I have never had a bit of trouble since. I owe my life and my health to Doan's Kidney Pills."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books free. Highest references. Best results.

Mexican Corn Paint — Something different; sent by mail for 15 cents. Agents wanted. PALMETTO CHEMICAL WORKS, Box 1226, NEW ORLEANS, LA.

W. N. U., BALTIMORE, NO. 25--1917.

Canadian Farmers Profit From Wheat

The war's devastation of European crops has caused an unusual demand for grain from the American Continent. The people of the world must be fed and wheat near $2 a bushel offers great profits to the farmer. Canada's invitation is therefore especially attractive. She wants settlers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops.

You can get a Homestead of 160 acres FREE and other lands at remarkably low prices. During many years Canadian wheat fields have averaged 20 bushels to the acre many yields as high as 45 bushels to the acre. Wonderful crops also of **Oats, Barley and Flax.**

Mixed farming as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses full of nutrition are the only food required for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools, churches, markets convenient, climate excellent.

There is an extra demand for farm labor to replace the many young men who have volunteered for the war. The Government is urging farmers to put extra acreage into grain. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

J. P. JAFFRAY,
Cor. Walnut & Broad Sts., Philadelphia, Pa.
Canadian Government Agent

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1917

SUNDAY, JULY 1, FOOD CONSERVATION DAY

Hoover Launches Nation-wide Campaign To Awaken American Housewife To Her Opportunity.

Herbert Hoover, food administrator, named Sunday, July 1, as food conservation day, when he urged newspapers, magazines, motion picture theatres, billboard owners, etc., to join in a nation-wide campaign "to awaken the American housewife to her opportunity and duty."

In this campaign by which Hoover hopes to save $2,000,000,000 annually through elimination of waste in the kitchen alone, all summer schools will be utilized. Through summer schools alone, Hoover expects to educate 250,000 housewives in the art of saving.

Specially directed campaigns are to be made in hotels, railroad dining cars, cafes and all manner of public eating places.

Hoover pointed out that "if only two cents is saved on every meal, an annual saving of another $2,000,000,000—equal to the Liberty loan—will have been saved to this nation and her allies."

After the Auto Speeders.

Strong efforts to break up auto speeding and other violations of the law by motorists along rural roads are to be made by the State Highway Department and the State police department this summer.

Highway Commissioner Black has written to every district attorney in the State asking that prompt attention be paid to every case reported to the local officials by the State police.

Police Superintendent Groome has issued instructions to all troopers to keep a vigilant lookout for all law breaking autoists.

Warner-Braucher.

Walter L. Warner, of Lewistown, and Miss Pearl M. Braucher, of Spring Mills, were married by Rev. D. F. Young, at Lewistown, Monday, June 18th.

PENN HALL

From last week.

Irvin Weaver and family spent Sunday at the home of Gross Shook.

Philip Shook returned home from Philadelphia on Saturday morning, to spend the summer vacation.

Mrs. George Rowe, of Boalsburg spent a few days with Mrs. Jacob Meyers.

Mrs. Harry McManaway, of Bellefonte, visited her mother, Mrs. Jacob Meyer, over Sunday.

Rev. John Keller preached a very good sermon in the Salem Reformed church on Sunday morning.

Miss Sarah Fisher went to West Chester on Tuesday morning to attend commencement.

Miss Mary Robb, of State College, visisted her friend, Miss Sarah Fisher, over Sunday.

Irma Shook attended the John Robison show at Lock Haven on Friday with friends from Reberaburg.

Frank Fisher and family, accompanied by John Keller and family took supper at the home of George Shook on Saturday.

Isaac Walker spent a few days at Lewisburg, and returned last Saturday, bringing a bride along which was a surprise to his neighbors.

Frank Musser and family, of Middleburg, accompanied by Harry Ulrich and family, of Coburn, spent Sunday with the former's brother and sister, Luther and Lucy Musser.

STATE AGRICULTURAL NOTES.

Farmers are urged to break old meadows for rye and to increase the legume crops in order to cut down feed bills.

Farmers are urged to plough now and sow buckwheat and to follow with rye, using 300 pounds of acid phosphate with the rye.

There is a shortage of spring pigs according to reports from farmers in all sections of the State only about 89 per cent. of an average being raised.

On June 1 the condition of wheat in the State as compared with an average was 86 per cent., indicating a crop of approximately 21,000,000 bushels.

Statistics gathered by the Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg show that the acreage in oats has been increased about two per cent., or 22,000 acres over last year.

Farmers throughout the State are being urged to increase the acreage in buckwheat and the Department of Agriculture at Harrisburg is disposing of large quantities of buckwheat seed at cost.

About 20,000 acres of land sown to wheat last fall were ploughed down this spring on account of the poor stands through winter heaving. Many farmers left poor fields stand as they figured a good price for wheat would pay for raising half a crop.

There has been a decided decrease in the prospects for a big peach crop, and fruit growers say that the cold weather indicates a large June drop. On June 1 the indications pointed to a crop of about 76 per cent. of normal, but this will be far above last year's yield.

Harrisburg News Letter.

(Continued from first page)

ance commissioner last year because of Brumbaugh's "high-handed tactics". Then, the bill provides that the Treasury Department be further cluttered up with lawyers and clerks and bookkeepers and stenographers and messengers at salaries of from $5,000 to $1,000.

The history of the Crow bill, however is worth remembering. It was introduced May 22. The Legislature's day of final adjournment, June 28, came five weeks and two days later. If it is possible to get such legislation thru in such a space of time, what basis is there for specious arguments that "there wasn't time" to enact really good legislature.

Should Governor Brumbaugh disapprove the treasury job bill there'll be a lot of disappointed Penrose men. All the fourteen places contemplated by the Crow bill have long since been promised.

Probably the darkest plot on the smudgy record of the do-nothing session was that which was spread by the House the Thursday before final adjournment. Petty quarrelings of the Republican factions culminated in adjournment of the House to avoid trouble, adjournment bringing with it slaughter of hundreds of House bills which lost all chance of becoming laws. One faction objected to a vote on the act suspending the full crew law during the war, another objected to a vote of the workmen's compensation amendments, another objected to a vote on the Philadelphia small-council bill. More dirty linen was washed than at any time since the Senate debated over the "investigation of the governor" early in the session. This was excellent; such washdays let the people in on a lot of incidents of political manipulation which might otherwise escape attention. But the net result of the row was that the people, as usual, got the hot end of the poker at the hands of the Republican organization.

Swat the Rooster—Now.

Chanticleer birds fair to rob the country again this summer of enormous quantities of good grain and eggs.

Or, the old rooster will again put in his deadly work at destroying good food this summer, mostly because the country won't rise up and smite him. So says the Pennsylvania Department of Agriculture who in two previous years have announced a "Rooster Day" about this season as a day when every male chicken of adult age within the State should be either penned or killed.

It is too late now to set any more eggs this season because the chances are all against these extra late chicks being worth the much needed grain it will take to raise them.

Hens without the presence of the males will lay more eggs, will be in better plumage, moult better, be better content and lay eggs that will infinitely keep better.

In fact the latter is the great reason for this campaign against the rooster, for without him eggs will be sterile or infertile. Now infertile or sterile eggs stand heat much better, in fact under the influence of any temperature, hen house, depot platform, freight car enroute or corner grocery; above 90 degrees if the egg is a fertile egg the germ is quickened or life started. Later this dies and there is a spoiled egg. So many are spoiled that the summer's loss will amount to about fifty million dollars.

The Department of Agriculture wishes the hearty co-operation of every poultry keeper in the State in this year's campaign to swat the rooster. Get busy and kill yours now.

Woodward.

From last week.

Having spent six weeks with her sister in Johnstown, Miss Lyda Hosterman returned to her home on Saturday. She was accompanied home by her sister and husband, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Zeime.

John Miller and daughters, Misses Gertrude and Maude, from Pennsylvania Furnace, and sister, Mrs. Harvey Williams, from Pine Grove Mills, spent last Thursday at the home of his sister, Mrs. R. R. Wolfe.

The memorial services and flag raising held by the P. O. S. of A. Sunday afternoon were largely attended.

Thos. Wolfe and family spent a day last week with his son, Harry, in Mifflinburg.

Samuel Orndorf and daughter, Miss Edna and Miss Margaret Krape, from Coburn, spent Sunday with Mrs. Phoebe Wise.

Mrs. Walter Reffner and children spent the greater part of last week with friends in Laurelton.

Bill to Aid Farmers.

Among Senate bills passed finally in the House last Friday was the Spraul bill establishing a state bureau of markets to be part of the Department of Agriculture and designed to put farmers in direct touch with consumers.

16-DAY SEASHORE EXCURSION

Atlantic City

Cape May, Wildwood
Ocean City, Sea Isle City and Other Resorts

Saturday, July 14

$7.60 from Centre Hall

25 cents additional to Atlantic City via Delaware River Bridge Route.

For details as to time of trains or stop-over privileges, see Flyers, consult Agents

Similar excursions July 28; August 11, 25; and September 1.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

New Spring & Light Weight Goods for Suits and Dresses

White Goods
Sheeting
Pillow Tubing
Shirtings
Dress Gingham
Lancaster Apron Gingham
Percales and Linens
Ready-made Underwear
Gauze
Nainsook
Long Cloth and Muslin
Ready-made Aprons
Old-Fashioned Calico for Quilts

SUNBURY BREAD EVERY DAY

Store closes every Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock.

H. F. Rossman
SPRING MILLS, PA.

SPECIAL AT Kessler's
THIS WEEK

We offer our Large Assortment of LADIES' SUITS, COATS AND SILK DRESSES—

At Almost Half Price

Although you all know of the great advance in the prices of merchandise at the present time—WE ARE SELLING OUR GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

Come and take advantage of the bargains we are offering you for This Week.

KESSLER'S DEPARTMENT STORE
MILLHEIM

Remember---

It is the desire of this store to serve you to perfection

When you purchase here you get dollar for dollar value, and when you just look and don't purchase you get courtesy in the nicest and fullest degree.

Today we present a distinguished Norfolk, THE PORTLAND

It is the favorite with men who feel that unless they pay a fortune for a garment it can't be good or desirable in style. The price of the Portland is $10 to $25, which is far from a fortune, but the style, the tailoring and the character are above reproach.

Tailored at Fashion Park.

THE FASHION PARK AGENTS.

MONTGOMERY & CO.

BELLEFONTE STATE COLLEGE

FOR SALE.—Exceptionally well built 1-horse spring wagon; never been used. Convenient size for any use. Will sacrifice.—Mrs. W. B. Mingle, Centre Hall, Pa.

FOR SALE.—1 horse wagon, almost as good as new. Suitable for one heavy horse or can be used as light 2-horse wagon.—JOHN L. McCLENAHAN, Centre Hall, Pa.

LOST—Valuable gold bracelet, somewhere between Lloyd Brown residence and Old Fort. Reward if returned to Miss Grace Cummings, Centre Hall, Pa.

THE CENTRE HALL PHARMACY

Pure Drugs

Prescriptions carefully filled by a licensed pharmacist.

The Best Assortment of High-grade CIGARS in town.

A Fine Line of Pure Candies

Baseball Goods

Gloves, Mitts and Balls

The Centre Hall Pharmacy
Centre Hall, Pa.

Insurance and Real Estate

Want to Buy or Sell?

SEE US FIRST

Chas. D. Bartholomew
CENTRE HALL, PA.

FARM FOR SALE.—

The undersigned, Executor of Eliza Smith, late of Potter township, Centre County, Pa., deceased, will offer for sale,

SATURDAY, JUNE 30, 2 P. M.

on the premises at Centre Hill the following real estate, consisting of a farm containing about one hundred and thirteen acres, described as follows:

All that tract or piece of land lying and being in the township of Potter, and County of Centre aforesaid, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at post adjoining lands late of George Odenkirk, thence south thirty-five and one-half degrees east, two hundred and ninety-three and eight-tenth perches to post; thence by land of John Runkle, south twenty-seven degrees west, twelve perches to middle of turnpike; thence by the said turnpike, south sixty-two degrees east, eight-tenths of a perch; thence south forty-five and one-half degrees west; eight perches to post by old road; thence north eighty-one degrees west, nine and eight-tenths perches to stone by new church lot; thence south fifty-six degrees west, sixteen and five-tenths perches to stone; thence south sixty and one-half degrees west, fourteen and six-tenths perches to stone by Samuel Swartz lot; thence thirty-eight and one-fourth degrees west, one hundred and fifty-eight perches to post by Burkholder and Strohm; thence north fifty eight and one-half degrees east sixteen and one-half perches to the middle of the turnpike; thence along middle of the turnpike north fifty-three degrees west, twenty perches; thence north forty-nine and one-fourth degrees west, one hundred and twenty-four perches to post; thence north fifty-eight and three-fourth degrees east, eighty-four and two-tenths perches to the place of beginning, containing ONE HUNDRED AND TWELVE ACRES, ELEVEN PERCHES, and allowance; except about one-fourth acre sold to R. M. Smith, May 1, 1907, as shown in deed recorded May 20, 1907, and used by him for private road.

Also a certain tract of land containing about one acre adjoining and lying to the south of the main farm, said tract having formerly erected on it a Presbyterian church.

Also about one half acre of land lying on the northwest side of the main farm on the portion on west side of pike, the same having been purchased from R. M. Smith, May 1st, 1907, and recorded May 20, 1907.

The three tracts to be sold as a whole.

TERMS—Ten per cent of purchase money to be paid on day of sale; one half of remainder on delivery of deed, and balance in one year, secured by bond and mortgage.

ROBERT M. SMITH,
Executor of Eliza Smith.

JAMES W. SWABB
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE
LINDEN HALL, CENTRE CO., PA.

Deeds, Mortgages, Wills, &c, written and executed with care. All legal business promptly attended to. Special attention given to settling of Estates. Marriage Licenses, Automobile Licenses, and all other Application Blanks kept on hand. Nov. 25 tf

Coal That's All Coal
Hourly-Tested Cement

We handle the choicest grades and you can count on our deliveries. Our coal comes from mines that have high reputations for careful grading, and our cement comes from the pioneer manufacturer whose product for a quarter of a century has represented the high-water mark of quality. It is

ALPHA THE GUARANTEED PORTLAND CEMENT

and ALPHA Cement is tested by chemists every hour, day and night, throughout the process of manufacture. They make sure that the raw materials are of the proper grade, and mixed, burned and ground exactly right. The result is that ALPHA is always high in binding power.

We warrant every bag of ALPHA Cement invariably to meet standard specifications for fineness, tensile strength and binding-power. It makes concrete that grows harder and stronger with age. The people who buy ALPHA Cement once always come back for more.

Try our coal or cement the next time you order. If you are planning to build or make repairs, come in and get our valuable 80-page book, "ALPHA Cement —How to Use It." It tells how to mix concrete and how to make dozens of everlasting improvements on the farm or around the home.

R. D. FOREMAN
Centre Hall, Pa.